Middletown Transcript.

VOL. 3. MIDDLETOWN, NEW CASTLE COUNTY, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 22, 1870. NO. 4.

ROCKHILL & WILSON.

ARE NOW

READY with the richest and rarest styles!
Overcoats in countless variety!
Chevoits, Cassimeres and all fine Coatings!
Klothes! Klothes! Klothes! Klothes!
Height of the fashion!
Indeed you will be pleased,
Look at the
Lots of elegant clothes!

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Chestnut St. NNNNNNN
Philadelphia. DDDDDDD

Winter, gentlemen, winter!
Ice, *snow*, frost, and-so-forth!
Lowest prices for winter defences!
Safe against storm and snow, in
Overcoats of Rockhill & Wilson!
Now is the time to lay in your winter clothes!

The cold is great,
But the rush is greater,
From all parts of this State,
And every other State.
The best men come to
Buy their Best Clothes
Wonderfully cheap,
At the Great Brown Hall.

ROCKHILL & WILSON,
603 & 605 CHESTNUT Street,
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December 11, 1869.

NEW STOVE, TIN,
AND
HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE.

THOMAS H. ROTHWELL'S
NEW BUILDING,
North Side of Main Street, 4 Buildings West of Town Hall,
Middletown, Delaware.

Where he has constantly on hand, and is prepared to manufacture

ALL KINDS OF TIN WARE,
At Short Notice.

Particular attention paid to
ROOFING AND SPOUTING.
Orders respectfully solicited and promptly attended to.

STOVES.

THE NATIONAL,
CONTINENTAL,
ORIENTAL,
CHARM,
GEM,
SUN,
LITTLE GIANT,
BRILLIANT,
Prize and the Victor Cook.

Orders will be received and promptly filled for any kind of Stove that may be ordered.

GALVANIZED RUSSIA AND SHEET IRON ZINC,
COAL HODS, SEIVES,
POKERS, SHOVELS,
TEA KETTLES, BAKE PANS, WAFFLE IRONS
SAD IRONS, BRASS & ENAMELLED
PRESERVING KETTLES,
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TEA BELLS, JAPANNED CHAMBER BUCKETS,
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FLOUR AND PEPPER BOXES,
SAND CUPS, MATCH SAFES (Cast Iron,)
MOLASSES CUPS,
PEACH CANS,
(Soldered and Self-Sealing)
PATENT CLOTHES FRAMES, &c. &c. &c.

Attention is respectfully called to our new
FAMILY & RESTAURANT STOVE
Which is especially adapted to stewing, frying, and broiling oysters.

No wood, no coal, no coal gas, no stove pipe, no ashes, no dirt, no wood boxes, no coal scuttles, no kindling wood but a friction match, and the fire in full blast in half a minute, oven hot in two minutes, steak broiled in seven minutes, bread baked in thirty minutes, the fire extinguished in a moment. It has no rival in all kinds of cooking, and in economy, convenience, neatness, safety and durability.

Please call and examine it in operation at
Thomas H. Rothwell's Stove Store,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL,
Sole owner of the stove for the State.

Prompt attention to business, moderate prices, competent workmen, and a determination to please, may at all times be expected by those who may favor him with their custom,

Aug. 28—y

Original Poetry.

THE LEAL LAND.

Leal is a Scotch word, signifying *true and faithful.*

Written for the Democratic Review,

BY J. C. M'CABE, D. D.

The Leal-land! the Leal-land! how beautiful it seems,
As seen by fancy's chasten'd glance amid our purer dreams,
When the follies of this world of ours, its pleasures and its cares,
Have stained the mirror of the soul with many bitter tears.

'Tis sweet to contemplate that place where sorrow comes no more,
And not a cloud of woe can rise our visions to obscure;
Where angels' everlasting songs fall softly on the ear,
In those all-hallow'd symphonies the spirit loves to hear.

The Leal-land! the Leal-land! I see its rich green hills!
Its blue, bright waters leaping, in a thousand gushing rills;
Its tall trees, oh! how lovely, as they bend o'er murmuring waves,
Which roll in silvery volumes from sparkling chrystal caves.

The Leal-land! the Leal-land! shall we know each other there,
Who have lived in blessed fellowship in this cold world of care?
Shall those we dearly prized on earth their friendship there renew,
Our own fond friends we loved below, the faithful and the true?

How blessed is the holy thought as o'er their graves we bend,
Dropping affection's tribute tear to the memory of each friend
Who passed away to that *true* world, so calmly and so sweet,
That in that blest and "better land" our souls again shall meet.

The Leal-land! the Leal-land! where blessed spirits rest:—
The seal of silence on my lip, the clod upon my breast—
The green grass waving o'er my grave—the little stone, to tell
What pilgrim to that "better land" hath bade the world "farewell."

Then blessed home of wearied ones, amid your peaceful bowers,
With those we loved so fondly in this changing world of ours,
No mournful memories shall rise the soul's calm joy to dim,
Or mar the hallowed harmonies of heaven's eternal hymn!

Popular Tales.

THE DOCTOR OF BRAL.

There was once a countryman, who by dint of hard labor and the exercise of great prudence, had amassed a sufficiency of means. Notwithstanding his comfortable position, he would not marry. Friends and neighbors reproached him with his celibacy, but he excused himself by saying that when he came across the kind of woman he wanted he would marry her. His friends, to help him, resolved to search for such a woman.

There lived a few miles off an old chevalier, a widower and very poor, who had a beautiful and clever daughter. The girl was old enough to be married, but as the father had nothing to give her, nobody ever thought it worth while to woo her. The friends of the countryman having presented themselves before the old chevalier, he speedily yielded compliance to their wishes; and the girl, who was good and would not disobey her father, found herself forced to comply. The countryman was delighted at the prospect of such an alliance. He determined to lose no time, and pressed the marriage forward with all haste. Hardly, however, were they married, than he perceived that he had made a great mistake—that, in short, he could not have done anything more foolish than to take to himself such a wife. When, for instance, he was working out in the fields, what would his wife do, she was so accustomed to sit at home in idleness? He knew, besides, that the priest to whom every day was Sunday, would visit her as often as it suited him. What, then, would become of the stupid husband? And yet, what was the stupid husband to do?

"If, in the morning," he thought to himself, "I pick a quarrel and strike her, she will cry all day through. Now while she is crying it is certain that she will not be in the humor to listen to talk of any gallants. When I return I will be quits with her by asking her pardon, and I know how that is to be obtained."

Fired with this splendid idea he loudly called for dinner. When the meal was concluded, he approached his wife and struck her such a blow upon her face that the marks of his fingers remained imprinted on her cheek. Nor was this all. Fancying he had not given her cause to cry long enough, he hit her four or five more blows and then went out into the fields.

The poor little creature fell to crying very piteously, and with her hands laid crosswise on her bosom loudly lamented her hard fate. "Oh, father!" she cried, "why did you give me to such a man? Had we not bread to eat, poor as we were? Why was I so blind as to consent to such a marriage? Oh! beloved mother! had I not lost you I would not have been so unhappy. What will become of me?" She remained inconsolable throughout the entire day, crying, as her husband had anticipated, until his return. Then his first effort was to conciliate her.

"It was the devil who tempted me to strike you, he exclaimed. He swore never again to raise his hand to her, he threw himself at her feet and begged her pardon with so humble and dejected an air, that the wife, touched with pity, promised to forget everything that had happened. But the countryman, who saw how successful was his stratagem, resolved to put it into execution again. On rising the following morning, he once more picked a quarrel with his wife, and repeated the performance of the preceding day. Then he went forth to his work, The poor woman felt now that this treatment was to be her fate, and once more began to cry piteously.

Whilst in this mournful condition, there rode up to her door two king's messengers, each mounted on a white horse. They saluted her in the name of the king, and asked her for something to eat. They were dying of hunger, they said. She set before them all that she had in the house to offer, and whilst they were eating, begged them to tell her whither they were journeying.

"We are not journeying anywhere in particular," said they. "The truth is, we are searching for a skillful doctor, and we mean to travel even into England should we not find one here. Ada, the king's daughter, is ill. Eight days ago, whilst eating some fish, a bone stuck in her throat, and left her incapable of swallowing. Every remedy that can be suggested has been applied to her, but without avail. She can neither eat nor sleep, and her sufferings are terrible. The king who is in despair, has ordered us to search about for some one capable of curing the princess. If he loses her he will die."

"You have no need to travel any further," exclaimed the wife. "I know the very man you want. He is a great doctor."

"Is it possible? You are not deceiving us?"

"No, I am telling you the truth, but unfortunately, the doctor of whom I speak is a very singular sort of person. He is slightly touched in the head, I fear. Although he has an extraordinary genius for medicine, he seems to thoroughly detest the science. My own impression is that unless you beat him heartily you will not get him to act for you."

"Oh!" they answered, "if he only needs cudgeling, we'll give it to him, he couldn't be in better hands. Only tell us where he lives."

The wife indicated the field in which the husband was working, and wishing them farewell, entreated them not to forget the essential condition of their undertaking. They thanked her, and arming themselves each with a big stick, made towards the countryman. Having saluted him, they informed him that they came from the king, and commanded him to follow them.

"What for?" he asked.

"To cure the Princess Ada. We have heard of your skill, and we have come to fetch you in the king's name.

The countryman replied that he was only a laborer, and if the king wanted his services in that capacity, he would be happy to devote them to him. But as to medicine, he swore on his honor that he knew nothing at all about it.

"I see," whispered one of the king's messengers to the other, "that civility will not succeed here; he evidently wants to be beaten."

Saying this he alighted from his horse, the other followed him, and grasping their sticks they commenced beating the countryman with the heartiest zest. The helpless laborer commenced by roaring at them for their cowardice—two to one—and their cruelty; but finding them too strong for him, he threw himself upon his knees and swore to obey them. They thereupon mounted him upon one of the white horses and conducted him thus to the palace of the king.

The illness of the princess had thrown the king into a state bordering upon distraction. The return of the two messengers inspired him with hope, and he ordered them to be conducted into his presence that he might learn how successful they had been in their inquiries. Having sounded the praises of the wonderful but eccentric doctor, they then proceeded to narrate how they had found and the method they had employed to capture him.

"I confess," said the king, "that I never heard of a doctor like this before. But since it is necessary that he should be beaten before he will cure the princess, let him be beaten." Having ordered the princess to descend, he bade the countryman to approach him. "My friend," he said, "this is the lady whom you must cure."

The wretched countryman threw himself upon his knees and begged for mercy, swearing by all that was holy that he knew nothing whatever of medicine. The only reply of the king was to signal the two tall sergeants who were standing by armed with sticks. They made a dart at the countryman, and seizing him by the arms rained upon him a perfect shower of blows.

"Mercy! mercy!" he yelled. "I'll cure her, sire; I'll cure her."

The princess stood before him pale and dying, indicating her sufferings by pointing with her finger down her open mouth. The countryman began to ponder within himself how he should effect this cure. He plainly saw that there was no backing out of it, but that he must either succeed or perish from flogging.

"The bone," he said to himself, "is in the throat. If I could only succeed in making her laugh, the chances are that I might dislodg it."

Impressed with this notion, he requested the king to order a large fire to be lighted in the hall, and further desired to be left alone with the princess. When the hall was deserted he partly undressed, told her to seat herself near the fire, and commenced tickling her, making all the time such hideous grimaces that in spite of her suffering the princess suddenly burst out into a shout of laughter. At the same instant the bone flew out of her throat and fell upon the floor. Picking it up, the countryman flew to the door crying, "Sire, sire, here it is! here it is!"

"I owe you my life!" cried the king, in a transport of joy. And he promised to give him in reward for his services handsome presents of gowns and cloaks. It was a custom among the kings and princesses of that period to make presents of cloaks and dresses at Michaelmas and Christmas to the nobility attached to their courts. Sometimes the acceptance of these presents was interpreted into a willingness to enter into one year's service with the king who offered them. A Chevalier thus apparelled was called a chevalier Roi. The countryman thanked him. He declared, however, that he only wanted permission to return to his home, feigning that his business greatly needed his attention. In vain the king offered him his friendship and entreated him to remain. He answered that he was pressed; that when he left there was positively no bread in the house, and that it was imperative that he should carry wheat to the mill. But on a signal from the king which brought the two sergeants about him again, the countryman cried for mercy promising to remain not only a day but forever, if it were desired. Thereupon they conducted him into a room in which he was washed and shaved and habited in a magnificent scarlet cloak. All this time, however, he was meditating a plan to escape, and comforted himself with believing that a practical opportunity would soon be presented.

The cure he had effected achieved for him in no time a great reputation. No sooner had it been noised abroad than upwards of eighty sick persons belonging to the town presented themselves at the gates of the chateau, and besought the king to put in a good word for them with the doctor. The king having called him. "My friend," said he, "I recomended these persons to your notice. Cure them all at once, as I wish to send them back again to their homes."

"Sire" replied the countryman, "unless heaven cures them I cannot. There are so many."

"Let the two sergeants be brought." exclaimed the king.

At the approach of these two formidable persons the poor wretch, trembling in every limb, volunteered not only to cure the eighty-six persons, but the whole world in the bargain, even to the last man. He begged the king and all those who were in good health to leave the hall as they had done before. Being left alone with the sick, he ranged them all round the fire-place, in which he made a tremendous fire.

"My friends," he said, addressing them with great solemnity, "it is no trifling favor to accord, that of giving health to so many people in so short a time. There is only one way that I know of effecting a general cure amongst you and that is, of choosing the one who is most seriously ill and throwing him into the fire. When he is consumed, the ashes will be distributed amongst you all to swallow. The remedy is extreme, but I'll stake my head on the result."

Saying this he sternly contemplated the surrounding crowd, as if examining their condition. But amongst them all there was not one who for the whole of Normandy would have allowed that their malady was serious. The doctor addressing one of them, exclaimed, "You are looking pale and ill: you seem to have the most serious disorder of them all.

"I, sire? On my word, I never felt better in my life than I do at this moment."

"Then what do you want here, you villain?" cried the doctor.

Without answering, the sick man opened the door and took to his heels. The king, who was outside, perceived the sick man leave the hall. "Are you cured?" he asked. "Yes, sire." A moment after another sick man appeared. "And you?" "I am cured."

What was the result of this manœuvre? There was not a single soul, old or young, male or female, who would consent to being reduced to ashes. All left swearing they were cured.

The delighted king returned to the hall to congratulate the doctor. He was amazed and filled with admiration at the skill that in so short a time could work so many miracles.

"Sire," exclaimed the doctor, "I have an amulet possessed of a wondrous virtue with which I work my cures."

The king overwhelmed him with presents. He assured him of his eternal friendship, and permitted him to return to his wife, on condition, however, that when he was wanted he should not be urged to come only by the use of the stick. The countryman now bade adieu to the king. He had now no longer any occasion to be a laborer; and no longer therefore, cared to beat his wife. To his dying day, however, he never knew how he had been made a doctor.

No gentleman should be presented to a lady under any circumstances, unless her permission has been previously obtained, and no one should ever be introduced into the house of a friend except by permission first had. Such introductions, we know, are frequent and usual, but they are improper, as any one can imagine who will reflect for a moment. For how can you know that such introductions will be agreeable? If a person asks you to introduce him to certain of your friends, you can decline on the ground that you are not sufficiently intimate to take such a liberty.

The Farmer.

Black Knot in Plum Trees.

It is generally supposed that the black ugly excrescences found on the limbs of the plum or cherry, and which are now beginning to appear upon some other kinds of fruit trees are cuased by an insect which perforates the bark, deposits ova, and thus produces a diseased condition called the black knot. Dr. Michener, of Chester county, Pa. writes to the Philadelphia Medical and Surgical Reporter, that this notion is not correct; that the black knot is a parasitic cryptogamous plant belonging to the class fungi; and that it is propagated by *spores* in the same way that all fungold growths are produced. We believe this statement to be true. The idea that they are produced by insects has arisen from the fact that flies often penetrate into the old decayed knots, and the larvæ are found there. Destroying the ova or flies does not destroy the black knot. They have nothing whatever to do in originating or maintaining the trouble. The spores of this peculiar fungus float in the air, lodge on the limbs, vegetate, and in this way the annoying parasite soon destroys a vast number of fruit trees. No application of whale-oil soap, petroleum, or any substance, will arrest the growth. By cutting off the excrescences with a sharp knife, a few years of life may be afforded to some trees; but it hardly repays for the trouble. In the war against fungi, no matter what class or order we combat, human skill and science are powerless. If it comes in the form of *rust* upon our wheat, or *smut* upon our corn, or *black knot* upon our plum trees, we can only look on and see the ruin progress. We can do nothing to avert it.

To which we reply: Yes, we can save our wheat, and corn, and trees, from smut and fungi. Plant your plum and cherry trees where a log heap has been burnt down, or in the bed of an old charcoal pit, and no knots will ever appear. So with wheat and corn. Apply wood ashes bountifully, smut and rust will not injure the growing grain. Pile on the ashes then around fruit trees, and scatter them bountifully on growing wheat; and the potash and sand in the soil will form a glassy covering over the surface of the straw and stems of trees, which will fortify the growing plants against the attacks of fungi. There is no uncertainty about this. Let the ashes be scattered round about growing trees as far as the limbs extend. Instead of making a costly ash-house which will be liable to take fire at any time, scatter the ashes around trees as soon as they are removed from the stoves.—*New York Observer.*

To Cure and Smoke Bacon.—At this season of the year, all our farmers are prepairing to salt their hams and bacon, so we propose to give them a recipe whereby salting and smoking can be done in one short and simple process. Many of our housewives are forced to depend upon their neighbors for convenience to smoke with. Those of us who own smoke-houses know how difficult it is to smoke *just right.* By this process all trouble is avoided. Take a large sized butter-firkin, cask, or barrel, according to the quantity of meat you desire to smoke. Place it over a fire of corn-cobs with the corn on. Meat smoked in this way is higher flavored, the corn seeming to produce a better taste than cobs, or wood, or green walnuts. Let the tub smoke from five to six hours. To one hundred pounds of meat take eight pounds of salt, two pounds of coarse brown sugar (or three pints of molasses), and two ounces of saltpetre. Rub a little fine salt into the hams and shoulders, then put the meat into the smoked tub, cover it with cold water, turn in the salt, sugar, and saltpetre, cover closely, and sit it in a cool place where it will not freeze. If a scum rises on the brine, turn it off, scald and add a little more salt. If desired to keep through the summer, in the early spring smoke the tub three hours longer, put back the meat and turn on the brine when cold.

In a month after pickling, the hams will be ready to use. They can be kept in the brine all summer, and if a ham is cut return it to the tub for further use.

Beef and tongues can be kept in the same manner, and there is no danger from insects. In six or seven weeks the beef is pickled and smoked enough to dry. This is the surest and most expeditious way of salting and smoking pork and beef, and if once tried will always be adopted. —*Hearth and Home.*

A New Method of Fattening Fowls.—An exchange gives the following method for fattening fowls and claims that it will accomplish this fattening in a week or ten days, incredible as it may appear.

Set rice over the fire with skim-milk, only as much as will serve one day. Let it boil till the rice is quite swelled out; and add a teaspoonful or two of sugar, but it will do well without. Feed the fowls three times a day in common pans, giving them only as much as will fill them at once. When you put in fresh rice, set the pans in water, that no sourness may be conveyed to the fowls, as that prevents them from fattening. Give them clean water or the milk of the rice to drink, but the less wet the rice is, when perfectly soaked, the better. By this method the flesh will have a clear whiteness which no other food gives, and when it is to be considered how far a pound of rice will go, and how much time is saved by this mode, it will be found cheaper than barley meal.

Wit and Humor.

"A little nonsense now and then,
Is relished by the wisest men."

Rev. Peter Cartwright at the Astor House.

Some church affairs made it necessary for Mr. Cartwright to visit New York city some years ago, and it was arranged for him that he should put up at the Astor House. It was here that his brethren expected to meet him; his social and denominational appointments had reference to the Astor House as his head quarters. When Mr. Cartwright, however, appeared at the Astor House, there was nothing in his backwoods appearance that suggested to its proprietors his worthy position among the fathers of Methodism; when, therefore, he requested to be shown to his room, he was very cavalierly turned over to a servant to show him up stairs. Up stairs they went—up, up, up,—Mr. Cartwright in wondering amazement lost, the servant apparently untiring in his amusement of ascending. Finally, the servant opened the door of an apartment up in the attic story, and pointed it out to Mr. C. as his room. Father Peter detained the servant while he should take a general survey of the premises—repeated the inquiry if this was the room he was to occupy—and at length appearing to be well satisfied, he disposed of his baggage, and very politely requested the servant to show him down stairs again. The servant preceded Father Cartwright, down, down, down, till they reached at length the street landing; but, before the servant could make his escape, Peter inquired if he wouldn't show him up again! So, up they went again, heavenward, and at last Peter found his room, and permitted the servant to depart in peace. The servant, however, had little more than found himself down stairs, when Uncle Peter rang the bell vigorously. In due time, up came the servant, by this time panting with the unusual exertion.

"My good friend, I am sorry to trouble you, but I should be glad to see the clerk, if you will be good enough to send him to my room."

"Oh, certainly."

And so, down, down, goes the servant, to say to the clerk that a singular old chap up in the upper story wanted him to come to his room. And then, up, up, up, goes the clerk.

"Are you the clerk?"

"Yes, sir."

"Well, you will place me under great obligations to you, if you will show me the way down stairs?"

And when once more down stairs, after Uncle Peter had taken another careful survey of the surroundings, the clerk very politely inquired if there was anything further he could do for him.

"Yes," says Uncle Peter, "yes, my friend, I would be greatly obliged to you for a broad-axe!"

"A broad-axe!" says the clerk, in astonishment, and what do you propose to do with a broad-axe?"

"I thought I should like to *blaze my way* to my room!"

It is needless to say that Peter Cartwright was the lion of that week at the Astor; and that it was not further required of him to climb up that endless series of stairways, but when his friends called again to inquire for, or call upon him, they found him snugly ensconced in one of the most eligible rooms in the house.

A Welsh clergyman, who preached from the text, "Love one another," gave a national turn to his subject by illustrating it with an anecdote of two goats that met on the middle of the one-plank bridge which crossed the little stream in his parish: "But did they fight and try to push each other into the water? Oh, no! But the one laid himself down while the other stepped over him. Here was friendship! here was love! Oh, my brethren, let us all live like goats!"

This Side Up.—Jake was nailing up a box the other day, containing some articles liable to be broken, when a bystander suggested to him to mark the side of the box to remain uppermost, "this side up." A few days after Jake was asked if his goods went safe by express. "No" he replied, "every one broke." Did you mark the box "this side up," as directed? "Yes I did, and for fear they would not see it on the top I put it on the bottom, too, confound 'em."

A gentle Quaker had two horses, a very good and a very poor one. When seen riding the latter, it turned out that his better half had taken the good one.—"What!" said a sneering bachelor, "how comes it that you let your wife ride the better horse?" The only reply was:—"Friend, when thee be married the'll know."

A Detroit belle has had one toe amputated from each foot, with great success. Her feet and her gaiters are considerably smaller; so is the circle of her friends.

An old tobacco chewer finds that the Bible sustains his favorite habit. He quotes:—"He that is filthy, let him be filthy still."

Can people who indulge in smoking as well as drinking, be called tobacchanalians?

Pay down when you buy, and you won't have to pay up by-and-by.

Our Olio.

Old Style and New.—The old Julian Calender assumed 365¼ days to constitute a year. The year really contains 365 days, 5 hours, 48 minutes and 50 seconds. Thus the calender went astray 11 minutes and 10 seconds per year, and by A. D. 1582 the error amounted to ten whole days. To correct this error, Pope Gregory XIII. ordained that ten days should be deducted from the year 1582, by calling what, according to the old calender, should have been the 5th of October, the 15th. Hence the 5th of October "old style" was in 1582, the 15th of October "new style." It was not till 1751 that Great Britain accepted this correction, and by that time the error amounted to eleven days. It was then ordained that eleven days should be omitted after the 2nd of September, 1751, and the next day called the 14th of September, 1751.

Idea of Death.—That death and sleep are very much alike, the sages all tell us; but see how attractively Leigh Hunt describes the latter:—"It is a delicious moment, certainly, that of being well nestled in bed, and feeling that you shall drop gently to sleep. The good is to come—not past: the limbs have been just tired enough to render the remaining in one position delightful; the labor of the day is done. A gentle failure of the perception comes creeping over one; the spirit of consciousness disengages itself more and more with slow and hushing degrees, like a mother detaching her hands from that of her sleeping child; the mind seems to have a balmy lid closing over it, like the eye; 'tis closing, 'tis closing—'tis closed. The mysterious spirit has gone to take its airy rounds."

Utilizing Old Leather.—Old shoes may be utilized by cutting them into small pieces, and soaking for a few days in chloride of sulphur, which renders the leather very hard and brittle. The leather is then removed, washed with water, dried, and ground to powder; next mixed with shellac or other resin, glue, &c., and pressed into moulds and formed into combs, knife handles, and other articles for which a firm horn-like substance is required. It may be a question whether an equally good material cannot be supplied by other means; but the practice in question, we are assured, has actually been in use in Paris for some time.

A waggish journalist, who is often merry over his personal plainness, tells this story on himself: "I went to a chemist the other day for a dose of morphine for a sick friend. The assistant objected to give it to me without a prescription, evidently fearing that I intended to commit suicide. 'Pshaw! said I, 'do I look like a man who would kill himself?' Gazing steadily at me a moment, he said, 'I don't know. It seems to me if I looked like you, I should be greatly tempted to kill myself?'"

A Truant Husband.—A woman came to the police, in New Orleans, asking aid to find her truant husband. "Have you any knowledge why he left you—did you have a quarrel?" asked the cautious chief. "No, not exactly a quarrel," was the hesitating reply, "but I went off and left him." "And when you came back he was gone?" "Yes, he was gone, too!"

A society for the prevention of tobacco spitting in churches, assembly rooms and rail road cars, is contemplated in New York. It ought to be extended over the whole country. No wonder that Mrs. Trollope considered the Americans the nastiest people in the world, being ever on the spit.

Love which is based on intimate knowledge, which is sustained by the judgment is more productive of happiness than that which is known as "love at first sight."

Josh Billings says the mosquito was born of poor but honest parents, who had in their veins some of the best blood of the country.

Prof. Goldwin Smith is at present in Philadelphia, where he is receiving considerable attention from the leading men of literature and science. His health is much improved, and he is much pleased with his residence in the United States.

The leather dealers in Boston look forward to a good spring trade, and they represent the trade throughout the country as in a healthy and flourishing condition.

The Spanish gunboats, under convoy of the frigate Isabel La Catolica, left Hampton Roads for Havana at noon on Thursday.

Although the population of New Jersey is not over 1,000,000, she pays more income tax than any other State excepting four.

Lot M. Morrill has been elected U. S. Senator from Maine, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Fessenden.

In Pennsylvania, for the next five years, there will be a fine of twenty-five dollars for shooting a partridge.

The Countess Guiccioli is said to be writing a reply to Mrs. Stowe's attack on Lord Byron and Mrs. Leigh.

The Democrats of New Hampshire have nominated Gen. John Bedel for Governor.

The Boston "Radical Club" has elected Mrs. Julia Ward Howe President.

Louisiana planters are contracting for Scandinavian laborers.

The Middletown Transcript.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 22, 1870.

Radical Extravagance Denounced by a Radical Congressman.

Mr. Dawes, of Massachusetts, chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, produced a profound sensation in the House, on Tuesday last, by arraigning the administration of President Grant before the bar of public opinion, for its unparalleled extravagance. It is said the members left their seats and stood in groups in the aisles and around the speaker, hardly able to believe their own eyes and ears, that a Radical congressman was actually arraigning a Radical administration. The scene is thus sketched by the Washington correspondent of the New York World:

"The administration of Andrew Johnson," thundered this Massachusetts member, "surrendered to the people on the allegation of profligacy, but what are we to think of that which succeeded it, on promises of retrenchment and economy, when we find that it asks for nearly fifty millions more of the public money for this fiscal year?" Mr. Dawes, looking around at his wondering Republican associates, said this was an ungracious task, but he proposed to speak plainly: and then he developed the real estate speculations of the administration—St. Thomas and Samana, which called for nearly eight millions more in gold, and the $800,000 demanded to remove the Philadelphia Navy-yard to League Island, just because some Pennsylvania member had declared that the Republican party must do something for Philadelphia. Nor was the three millions and a half, which the new Post-office in New York is to cost, included; nor the amounts that the Senate tacked on to appropriation bills here in Washington. He proposed to deal a blow by opposing the commencement of all the proposed public works, "If we don't put it down here it won't be put down anywhere," said Mr. Dawes.

The World of Wednesday says, editorially, the speech of Mr. Dawes will command universal attention. He accused his own party of violating the pledges of retrenchment and economy by which they were enabled to carry the Presidential election, and of going far beyond the extravagance which they charged upon the adminstration of Andrew Johnson. He says that the Republicans arraigned that adminstration for prodigal and profligate expenditures, turned it out by means of these charges, and that now, in the very first estimates made by the administration of General Grant, it is proposed to make the public expenses $49,628,537 more next year than was appropriated for the present year. He says that every one of the departments asks for an increase, with the single exception of the Attorney-General, who is likely to be thrust out and consigned to private life. Mr. Dawes justly maintains that this is a scandalous failure to fulfil the pledges made in the election.

Mr. Dawes' speech was felt to be so damaging in its effects that a reply to it was resolved on, and the task devolved on O. J. Dickey, of Pennsylvania, who replied to Mr. Dawes on Wednesday, but Mr. Dickey was not able to rub out the figures, which are a standing accusation against this administration.

DEAD HEADS.—Ministers, editors, and others who ride in rail road cars, attend concerts, lectures, and other exhibitions, free of charge, are called, in common parlance, "dead heads." It is a misnomer to apply this term to editors. They render more than an equivalent for all such privileges accorded to them. For even when they are paid only a moderate price for advertising said concerts, lectures or exhibitions, there is another service expected of them, of more value to the concert, lecture, or exhibition, than all the advertising put together, and that is, an editorial "puff," or notice in the editorial or local columns. And this service, strange as it may seem, although considered indispensable, must be rendered *gratis!* After such service has been rendered, cheerfully and heartily, it not unfrequently happens that a ticket of admission is withheld from him in a mean and niggardly spirit, and he is required to "*pay his way*," as if no such invaluable service had been rendered. Who is the "dead head" in such a case? Why, the managers of the concert, lecture, or exhibition, without doubt,—dead to a proper perception of their duty; dead to a sense of justice; dead even to common courtesy. Talk of editors and publishers as "dead heads," why there is no other class of men under the sun who perform so much labor gratis; and no other that the public do not expect to pay for all that they do. Let publishers everywhere, as they do in many places, charge double price for all local notices; then they will be better able to pay their way, wherever they go. If ordinary advertisements should be paid for, there are stronger reasons why local and editorial notices should be paid for at higher rates, not the least of which is that they are far more valuable. And yet they are expected gratis.

The Maryland Legislature, on Tuesday last, elected Mr. John Merryman, of Baltimore county, State Treasurer, by a vote of 62 out of 111. The long agony is at length over.

The Clayton Herald has been discontinued and the office is offered for sale.

A Disgusting Practice.

The Cecil *Whig* strongly rebukes the rascality of cramming fowls with corn or other food just before killing them so as to increase the weight. It says that aside from its knavishness, the practice injures the quality of the flesh, and requires that fowls shall be dressed as soon as killed.

The *Whig's* complaint is a just one, but there is still another practice on the part of poultry venders even more objectionable than cramming; it is *blowing*. To give a plump appearance to the fowl some sort of pipe or reed is introduced into it and it is blown full of air, said air being exhaled from the blowers lungs. This is simply loathsome, and the Clerk of the Market should be authorised to seize all such fowls just as he would seize tainted meat or butter of short weight.—*Commercial*.

We have twice known a pint of corn to be taken from the craw of a turkey, once in Elkton, and once in Middletown. At 18 cents per lb. this is selling corn pretty well. Such petty meanness deserves exposure.

"AUDI ALTERAM PARTEM."—Hear the other party—hear both sides—is good counsel and a safe course to all who would elicit the truth. Miss Olive Logan having recently lectured here on "Girls," and made it the occasion to descant on woman suffrage and other cognate themes, Madam Ducker proposes to lecture here, in the Town Hall, on Monday evening next, on the other side of the question, or the "Proper Sphere of Woman," opposing the absurdity of women neglecting their families and domestic affairs to enter the arena of politics, and showing the evil that must arise from such a course. The public may no doubt expect a little figurative cap-pulling on the occasion. As a speaker, Madam Ducker is said to be *nulli secundus*.

Gen. Lee expects to be present at the funeral obsequies of George Peabody, which will take place on the 28th instant. The greatest warrior of the age goes to New England to testify his respect for the greatest philanthropist of the age. The one of Virginia, the other of Massachusetts. What will they do with Gen. Lee in New England? The leading Republican presses say they will treat him with distinguished consideration. A gentleman at our elbow says, they will gaze and admire, but profess to despise.

THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT.—Telegrams show that both Ohio and Iowa on Thursday completed their ratification of the fifteenth amendment to the constitution. This makes twenty-seven States, if New York be counted, which have ratified, leaving but one more necessary to consummate suffrage "without regard to color" throughout the United States. Nebraska, Georgia and Texas are yet in reserve to fill the measure.

An effort was made in Congress, a few days since, to pass a resolution to adjourn on the first of May next; but it failed. There is no disputing the fact that this body could transact all its business in less than half the time ordinarily employed; but it prefers to spend its time about other things than the legitimate business before it.

A private dispatch to a Southern member of Congress, received at Washington on Thursday, from Jackson, Miss. says H. R. Revels, of Natchez, has been elected to the United States Senate for the short term, by eighty-one votes. The receiver of the dispatch says Revels is a negro.

The Easton Md. Gazette states that N. W. Vanderford, of the Transcript, published at Middletown, "contemplates starting a new paper in Wilmington."

No one of that name has ever been connected with the Transcript, and no such purpose is contemplated. The matter was talked about, last fall, hence this rumor.

The Journal and Statesman asks why does not Congress re-construct New York? Like Georgia, it "went back" on the fifteenth amendment. Send Butler there with troops, by all means. It is hardly fair to keep all the United States soldiers in the south.

REMARKABLE DEATH.—*A Man Killed by a Knitting Needle.*—One week ago yesterday, Martin Smith, a young man twenty-six years of age, in the employ of Mr. Jacob Conklin, of Westbury, L. I., was the victim of an accident which terminated fatally. As the young man stated to the physician, he went to a shelf, on which was some knitting work, to obtain something, and accidently stuck a knitting needle into his face, below the ball of the eye, making not the least mark, drawing no blood, at the time, causing him no pain. As the needle did not enter deep, it gave him no trouble. Early next day the physician saw him, but finding no wound, anticipated no trouble. On Thursday Smith was delirious, and died at 6 o'clock that evening. The physician is under the impression that the needle passed through the passage to the nose and pierced the brain.—*N. Y. Times, January* 18

Governor Bowie of Maryland, under authority of the constitution, on Thursday appointed Hon. Wm. P. Maulsby, of Frederick, chief judge of sixth judicial district, composed of the counties of Frederick and Montgomery, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Hon. Madison Nelson.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

EXCITEMENT IN SASSAFRAS NECK.—The negroes in the lower part of Cecil county, or a portion of them, at least, have borne themselves in a very riotous and disorderly manner, for some time past. There are some very orderly and well disposed colored people there, who take no part in these riotous demonstrations, but there are others who are preparing trouble for themselves by lawlessness and violence. One of their acts was to knock a white man down with a stick of wood because he happened to be standing near where an excursion party were landing at night from a steamer at Fredericktown. One of their number was suspected of telling who it was that committed this wanton act of cruelty, and finding him in a store at Fredericktown, during Christmas holidays, they set upon him for the purpose of beating him. The store was closed, but two shots were fired through the door which came very near proving fatal to a man within, the balls passing through his clothing. Another act of villainy was the taking of a horse belonging to John Ward Davis, Esq. leading him into the woods and cutting his throat. Recently they burnt the fodder and sheds of Wm. S. Potter, the young man who unfortunately shot a colored man who was hired to him, last harvest, and who was recently tried for the same and acquitted. Since then, it is alleged, they have threatened to take Potter's life. These circumstances coming to the knowledge of the white citizens of the neighborhood, they determined to interpose to prevent further incendiarism and violence, and if possible to ferret out the guilty parties. Accordingly, a public meeting of many of the most respectable citizens of Sassafras Neck, was held at Cecilton, on Saturday last, and means devised which it is believed will effect the object. Mr. Potter himself has offered a reward of five hundred dollars for any information which will lead to the detection of the incendiaries, and it is believed that a clue has been found that will lead to the perpetrators of all these acts of villainy.

Dr. J. C. M'Cabe, Rector of St. Ann's Parish, proposes to deliver two lectures, next month, in the Town Hall, on "Woman's Worth and Woman's Work," and "Woman's Rights and Woman's Wrongs." The proceeds of these lectures are to be devoted to benevolent purposes, and the Doctor asks the assistance of his congregation, and of the ladies particularly, in the sale of tickets. We hope to see a full house, for two reasons—it will pay him better, and it will pay the public better, to hear this subject discussed by one whose acknowledged ability is competent to an exhaustive treatment of the subject. He promises to apply to it the touchstone of *truth*, and to treat it somewhat differently from the manner in which it is being treated by the modern illuminators, who would turn society upside down, rather than not ride into notoriety on their favorite hobby. Due notice will be given of the time of Dr. M'Cabe's lectures, and we are sure that the Hall will be filled to its utmost capacity.

MORE IMPROVEMENTS.—Mr. Lingo has contracted to build a new dwelling house for Mrs. Beasten, on the east side of Cass street, on the lot which belonged to the late Major John Jones. The house is to be a frame, two stories high, front 20 by 24 feet; back building 16 by 34, to be finished by the 25th of March. Mr. Lingo has also to build two small tenements for colored men, near the new Church. Mr. John Morrison is about to contract with Mr. George Derrickson, for the erection of a frame dwelling on Cass street, 36 by 27 feet front, and a back building 13 by 16, on the lot lately purchased from Mr. Thos. Massey. Mr. John R. Hall also contemplates building a dwelling house on his lot on the opposite side of Cass street. Other persons also contemplate building during the season. These houses, together with the extensive improvements contemplated by Mr. Robert A. Cochran, will give to our master builders a brisk season, next Spring and Summer.

A village is likely to spring up around the new African M. E. Church. Two tenements are already contracted for. This new building site will be likely to check the further developement of "Frog Town," where rents and building lots are likely to remain stationary, for a time at least, until the new village grows into proper proportions. There are no accommodations for colored people in Middletown, but this new village will be sufficiently near to make it more convenient for those families who put out their washing, or who employ day laborers. Now, the colored laborers live so far off in the country, that it is inconvenient, both for the employers and the employed, on account of the distance they have to go, morning and evening. As the new town will be occupied by the descendents of Ham exclusively, would it not be appropriate to call it Hamton. It would be preferable, we should think, to such names as "Frogtown."

LONGEVITY IN CAMDEN, DEL.—The names and ages of twenty-three persons, residents of Camden, 70 years of age and upwards, have been handed to us for publication. Nearly all of them were born in Camden, and a majority of them belong to the Society of Friends. Their united ages amount to 1,858, an average of more than 80 years. Eight of them are 80 years of age and upward. Their names and ages are as follows: Bowers Loper, 88; Ruth Jenkins, 87; Michael Loper, 86; Wm. K. Lockwood, 86; Ann Loper, 82; Thomas Howell, 80; Jabez Jenkins, 80; Margaret Lind, 80; John Loud, 78; Pamelia Adams, 77; Elizabeth Gatts, 75; Avery Draper, 75; Ann Sarde, 74; Thomas Mifflin, 73; Elijah Register, 72; David M. Smith, 71; Thomas L. Temple, 71; Maria Clark, 71; Susan Paine, 71; Ann Smith, 71; Isaac Rary, 70; Thomas Hudson, 70; Mrs. Hudson, 70.

Another counterfeit twenty dollar bill on the Market National Bank of New York, turned up here on Wednesday last, passed by the same parties mentioned in our last. It was received by Mr. G. W. W. Naudain, merchant, of this town, paid over to his brother, Mr. T. N. Naudain, of Washington City, who happened to be here at the time, and returned by him through the mail on Wednesday morning. Mr. Naudain proceeded to Wilmington, on Wednesday afternoon, to see the parties, who were examined before U. S. Commissioner, Rumford, on that day, but did not get to see them, the case having been disposed of before his arrival in that city. This makes seven twenties, in all, or $140, passed in this place.

TAKEN TO JAIL.—The Journal and Statesman of Tuesday says:—The negro Jack Pennington, whose arrest we mentioned in our last issue, was conveyed to jail at New Castle on last Thursday night, by ex-Sheriff Herbert. They had some trouble in getting him manacled, his limbs being so large that they could not find bracelets large enough, and were therefore compelled to tie him with ropes, so as to make it impossible for him to escape again. A short time before the arrival of the ex-Sheriff he was engaged in digging a hole through the wall in the rear of the hall, and had succeeded in getting a hole nearly large enough for to make his exit.

ARRESTED.—Wm. C. Jump and Patrick Mellon, of Kenton, Del. the parties implicated in passing seven twenty dollar counterfeit notes on the business men of Middletown, were arrested by Marshal Dunn, and taken before United States Commissioner, Rumford, in Wilmington, on Wednesday last, who after hearing the case, held the parties to bail in the sum of $2000 each, to appear at the April term of the Court and answer to said charge.

The M. E. Sunday School exhibition at the Hall, on Tuesday evening last, was largely attended, and the pupils acquitted themselves to the admiration of all present. We never witnessed a finer exhibition, and the orderly deportment of the children challenged the admiration of every spectator. The stage was never trimmed so handsomely, and everything passed off satisfactorily.

Dr. James V. Crawford was elected President of the Citizens' National Bank of Middletown, vice George Derrickson, Esq. resigned, at the meeting of the Board of Directors, on Tuesday last. The Directors also passed a resolution to remove the Bank back again to the old building, on the 25th of March next.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—A short time since Mr. William Wilson bought from the heirs, all the real estate belonging to the late Edward Wilson, consisting of 400 acres of land, situated on the "Levels" and known as "Heath's Mansion," for $20,000.

SHEEP KILLED.—The Kent News says: Mr. W. H. Stewart, residing near this town, had six fine sheep killed by dogs on Saturday night last. Last week we mentioned the loss of a number of sheep in a similar manner, in the lower part of our county.

THE MASONIC BANQUET.

Union Lodge, of this town, threw open its spacious and elegantly furnished hall, for the reception of guests on Saturday evening last, at the instance of the Committee of Arrangements for the late Fair, and a rich banquet was spread in the banquet-room of the Town Hall. Nearly one hundred persons were present, comprising the ladies who assisted at the late Fair, and other invited guests, among whom were the Amphions, who enlivened the occasion with choice music. Miss Marion Hurn presided at the organ in the Lodge room. Music, promenading and social intercourse, occupied the company till 9 o'clock, when a "Table Lodge" was opened with due formality in the banquet-room, and the company initiated into the mysteries of ice cream, lemonade, fruit cake, pound cake, sponge and jelly cake, almonds, raisins, apples, oranges, and other good things, which made up the generous cheer spread before the welcome guests on the occasion. When the feast was ended, the members of the Lodge were called to the head of the table by the sound of the gavil, when toasts were read by the Worshipful Master, and responded to by various members, followed with appropriate airs by the Band. About 10.30 the company separated, having enjoyed together one of the most agreeable reunions. The following are the toasts given on the occasion:

THE TOASTS.

1. Our Ancient and Honorable Fraternity.
Response by A. G. Cox.
2. Our Native Land—
Lives there a man with soul so dead
Who never to himself hath said
This is my own, my native land?
Air—Hail Columbia.
3. Washington—A bright particular star in the Masonic firmament.
Response by J. B. Clarkson and A. G. Cox.
Air—Washington's March.
4. Our Absent Friends—Though lost to sight, to memory dear. Response by T. H. Bucke.
Air—Auld Lang Syne.
5. Our Friends and Guests.
Friendship, peculiar boon of Heaven,
The noble mind's delight and pride,
To men and angels only given,
To all the lower world denied.
6. Faith, Hope and Charity, these three, but the greatest of these is Charity.
7. Our Lamented Dead.—Past Masters Cyrus Tatman, and Major John Jones.
Drank standing and in silence.
Air—Dead March in Saul.
8. The Widow and the Orphan.
Air—Oh! ye tears.
9. Our Brethren of Lafayette Lodge, No. 71, Philadelphia.—We cherish a lively recollection of their fraternal kindness towards us on a late occasion.
Response by Wm. H. Cann, of Lafayette Lodge, who gave the following toast:
10. The Members of Union Lodge—Like Lafayette, may they ever uphold the Union.
11. The School, the Bar, the Bench, the Pulpit the Press.—The agencies by which society disseminates intelligence, inculcates morality, and maintains civil rights.
Response by H. Vanderford.
12. The Ladies who assisted and with their sweet smiles enlivened our Fair.
Response by J. M. Cox.
Air—We all went a courting, for we'd nothing else to do.
13. Woman—
The earth till lovely woman smiled
And back its darkness roll'd,
Like snow upon the untrodden wild
Was pure, but oh! how cold!
Our hearts are lit by woman's eyes
As stars light up the sea,
Her heart the vital warmth supplies,
Her voice the melody.
14. Good Night.—The hope of return takes the sting from adieus.
Response by D. L. Dunning.
Farewell, farewell, 'tis a lovely sound,
And always brings a sigh,
O, give to me that sweet, soft word,
That comes from the heart, good bye.
Air—We're a' nodding, nid, nid, nodding, followed by Home, sweet Home.

We give below the following reports of the annual meetings of the railroads named:

Philadelphia Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company was held at the company's office, Wilmington, on Tuesday of last week, Isaac Hinkley, President.

The report of the Board of Directors for the year ending October 31, 1869, shows the receipts of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad to have been $2,565,302.31, and of the New Castle and Frenchtown road to have been $77,836 61, making a total for both roads of $2,643,138 92. The expenditures of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore were $1,801,981 88, and of the New Castle and Frenchtown $44,192 58, making a total expenditure for both roads of $1,846,174 46, leaving a balance of $796,964 46, to which is added the gain from the Delaware road, $8,742 45, making the net earnings for the year $805,706 91. Out of these earnings two dividends of four per cent. each were paid amounting to $776,151 58.

The passenger receipts were over 4 per cent. larger than those of 1868, and the receipts for freight, express, &c. over 12 per cent. larger. The gross earnings from all sources were over 7 per cent. greater than in 1868, and the operating expenses were over 13 per cent. larger. The increase in the operating expenses is wholly due to repairs and but for this would have been smaller than in the previous year.

The prospects of the Delaware railroad continue to improve. During the year the Dorchester and Delaware railroad, which extends from Seaford, on the Delaware railroad, to Cambridge, Maryland, a distance of 32 miles, was finished. The Maryland and Delaware railroad was opened to Easton, a distance of forty-four miles from its connection with the Delaware railroad, at Clayton. The Queen Anne and Kent railroad and the Kent County railroad were each finished to points about ten miles distant from the western end of the Townsend branch of the Delaware railroad, the former southwardly towards Centreville, Md. and the latter westwardly towards Chestertown, Md. The Junction and Breakwater railroad, which connects with the Delaware railroad at Harrington, has been extended to Lewes, and is now forty miles in length. Most of the peninsular railroads are furnished with their car equipment from this company, and, in several cases, it has been deemed judicious to afford encouragement to them by temporary drawbacks upon the business which they do in connection with roads operated by this company.

Delaware Railroad.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Delaware Railroad Company was held in Dover on Thursday of last week. The only business transacted was the election of Directors, viz: Samuel M. Felton, Isaac Hinckley, Joseph Bringhurst, Jesse Sharpe, C. Warner, (in place of C. I. du Pont, dec'd.) Andrew C. Gray, Manlove Hayes, Dr. Isaac Jump, Alex. Johnson, H. B. Fiddeman, Jacob Moore, Wm. Ross, and Charles Wright. James F. Allee was re-elected Treasurer. After the stockholders' meeting had adjourned, the Directors met and re-elected Samuel M. Felton President and J. F. Allee Secretary.

An abstract of the report shows the following result as compared with the year 1868:

EARNINGS—1868.—From passengers, $149,386-22; from freight and express, $197,314 32; from mails and miscellaneous, $7,569 51; total, $354,270 05. EARNINGS—1869.—From passengers, $127,573 92; from freight and express, $294,941-99; from mails and miscellaneous, $10,230 62; total, $432,746 53. EXPENSES—1868.—Operating expenses, $292,328 41; interest and dividends, $102,567 09; total, $394,895 50; deduct earnings, $354,270 05; loss to the company for 1868, $40,625 45. EXPENSES—1869.—Operating expenses, interest and dividends, $397,776 74; earnings over expenses, $34,969 79; loss for 1868, $40,625 45; increase for 1869, 75,595 24.

J. & B. Railroad.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the J. & B. Railroad Company, was held at the Hotel of Justice Lowery, Milford, Del. on Monday, Jan. 10th, 1870, at 12 o'clock, M. The following persons were declared by the President, Directors for the ensuing year: Hon. J. W. Houston, Charles C. Stockley, Benj. Burton, P. F. Causey, Jr. Jonathan B. McConaughy, H. Hickman, J. S. Gibbons, S. Sinclair and J. R. Hoole. Judge Houston was re-elected President. A summary statement of the receipts and expenses of operating the road during the year ending October 31, 1869, was as follows: gross receipts, $31,478 69; from passengers, $14,753 88; from freight, $14,111 43; from mail, $1,361 44; from express $1,251 94; whilst the total expenses of operating the road was $22,406 66; the number of passengers, 15,329.

Dr. B. F. Chatham, Cashier of the Philadelphia National Bank, will lecture here for the benefit of the Town Hall, shortly. Subject—"Life and Death." The time will be announced in our next issue. The well known ability of Dr. Chatham will draw a full house, independent of the public object of the lecture. The old friends of the Doctor, and the friends of the Town Hall, should unite their efforts to give him a "bumper."

The "Library and Lyceum Association" will meet in the Lecture-room of the Presbyterian Church, in this town, on Wednesday evening next, at 8 o'clock, to perfect its organization, hear the reports of committees on lectures, procuring suitable rooms for the meetings of the Association, &c. The public are invited to attend and join the Association.

On Thursday last the train on the Junction & Breakwater R. R. a short distance this side of Houston station, struck a flock of sheep, and killed fifteen of them. They belonged to Mr. David Scott and were a valuable breed.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—The Kent News says:—A colored man, name unknown, was killed on the railroad, near Kennedyville, on Tuesday of last week. He fell from the cars, which passed over him and killed him instantly.

Professor Jules De Launay delivered an interesting lecture here, on Wednesday evening last, on the Catacombs of Rome. A number of diagrams were exhibited, illustrating his subject.

Our fruit-growers are anticipating another fine crop, next season, as it is asserted that the best peach crops have always followed mild winters.

Job Townsend, an old and highly respected citizen of St. Georges Hd. died on Thursday of last week, from pneumonia. He was about 77 years of age.

The birds were singing, and the frogs were piping, on Sunday and Monday last, the 16th and 17th inst. as though it were Spring.

There is an effort being made to procure material to publish a newspaper at Seaford. Let them buy the Clayton Herald.

Jonathan Emerson has been appointed Postmaster at Smyrna, Del.

THE DARIEN EXPEDITION.—The preparations for the Darien survey expedition, which have been in progress for some time past, are, it appears, quite complete, and the two vessels detailed for the service, the Nipsic and the Guard, are expected to leave New York in about two weeks. The expedition will be under the exclusive control of Lieut. Commander Thomas O. Selfridge; the men to be engaged in the work will number two hundred and eighty-seven; the scientific complement and outfit are excellent, and it is expected that something more than a mere fancy sketch of the dangers and difficulties of the isthmus will come of the affair. The eminence and importance of a commercial nation depend upon its ability to secure foreign trade. Without the Darien canal, as an offset to the Suez canal, America's chances of securing the Oriental trade, will it is assumed, be "lessened to a shadow." The expedition was to have departed on its mission to-day, but the Nipsic was on yesterday run into in N. York harbor, during the prevalence of a thick fog, by a boat coming in, and was so much damaged that delay of two weeks for repairs will be necessary.

THE LATE VIOLENT STORM.—The storm which swept over the Western States on the 17th instant, appears to have traversed the lakes and their line as far east as the Hudson. Northern Kentucky suffered terribly. In the vicinity of Cave City the storm became a furious tornado, prostrating every house within a radius of six miles. Prewitt's, in the same State, was utterly wiped out. Twenty persons were killed and the destruction of property immense. At Cincinnati, and at New Albany, Ind. there was a most terrific display of thunder and lightning, and the rain-fall is estimated at twenty inches! The same phenomena attended the storm at Nashville, St. Louis, Louisville and Pittsburg. The flood was unprecedented, extending as far east as the Hudson. Railway travel along the line from Buffalo to Chicago, was suspended during the greater part of Tuesday. But perhaps the most singular of all was the sudden fall of the mercury from 42° to 16 below zero. At Chicago it stood at 8° below zero at noon on Tuesday.

It is announced that Prince Arthur of Great Britain, who has been sojourning for some time in Canada, will arrive in Washington early next week, and will be the guest of Minister Thornton, at the British legation, which has has been refitted for the occasion. How the Prince is to be entertained has been a matter of some discussion, and has resulted in the arrangement of a series of dinner parties. The result is not quite agreeable to the young ladies, who wanted some balls, so that they might dance with this scion of royalty. On Monday, 24th, and Tuesday, 25th, Mr. Thornton will give dinner parties in honor of the Prince, to which leading members of the government will be invited. On Wednesday the President will dine and wine with him, and the diplomatic corps will also be invited. On Thursday he will dine with the Secretary of State, and on Friday there will be another grand dinner at the British legation.

RASPAIL REDIVIVUS.—The announcement officially made in Paris a few days ago that M. Raspail, one of the radical leaders in the Corps Legislatif, was dead, seems to have originated in a hoax, and, strange to say, was not contradicted until Thursday afternoon. Deputations from various parts of France who were on their way to Paris to attend the funeral were notified, and much indignation was generally felt on account of the cruel jest.

Evansville, Indiana, is becoming more important every year as a wholesale market for tobacco. The shipment in 1868-9 to that city amounted to 12,000 hogsheads, and it is anticipated that during the season of 1869-70 there will be received over 18,000 hogsheads. The tobacco is grown along the Green, Tennessee and Cumberland rivers, and is transported along those streams and the Ohio river to Evansville.

Iowa is larger than New York or Pennsylvania—larger than New England, without Maine—and more productive than all of them put together. She has thirty-five millions of acres of rich, black mold, and to-day a clean furrow can be turned over thirty millions of these acres. Although less than five millions are under cultivation, they produced last year eighty-five millions of bushels of grain.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

A terrific thunder, lightning, wind and hail storm passed over St. Louis on Sunday evening last, doing considerable damage to signs, awnings, chimneys, shutters, fences, stores, &c. At the Varieties Theatre a panic occurred, during which several persons were severely bruised while attempting to escape from the building. At the Olympic Theatre, where religious services were being held, several women fainted and a number of persons were bruised. The weather, which had been very warm all day, turned cold after the storm, and during the night the mercury fell to as low a point as at any time during the winter. A similar change is reported throughout the West.

There were terrific thunder storms on the evening of the 16th in St. Louis, and in Cincinnati on the 17th, and a terrible tornado at an early hour on the morning of the 17th on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, at Cave City Station, Ky., by which seven or eight persons were instantly killed, and about eighteen persons more or less injured. Quite a number of buildings were blown down.

Tow boys were playing in Dunnell's print-works at Pawtucket, Rhode Island, on Saturday, when one having a rope around the neck of the other, threw it over the shafting, saying: "Now I am going to hang you," The rope caught on the shafting, carried the boy up to the ceiling, and injured him probably fatally. His name is William Daniels, aged fourteen years.

A bald-headed association has been organized in New York, the qualification for membership being an entire absence of capillary adornment on the "top of the head." The next thing ought to be an empty-headed association, the qualification being an entire absence of brains. It would be the largest association in the United States.

Over three hundred of the Roman Fathers are said to have refused to sign the petition in favor of Papal infallibility, and many others returned evasive answers. It is said that the opposers of the project intend getting up a counter petition, and assert that they are sure of adherents enough to defeat infallibility.

The Peabody funeral fleet will be due at Portland on the 28th instant. Admiral Farragut will take charge of the naval ceremonies attendant upon the disembarkation of the remains. The U. S. Monitors Terror and Miantonomah sailed from Boston yesterday to meet the funeral fleet.

The tax on dogs in Great Britain, it is reported, yields an annual revenue of $1,335,275. It has been suggested that a tax of this character in the United States would add to the income of the country, and would diminish the number of useless animals.

A suit for slander instituted by Mrs. Mary Ann Rivers against her father, Henry G. Becker, of Livingston, N. Y., which has been on trial before Judge Hogeboon, in Hudson, was terminated on Friday morning, by the jury bringing in a verdict of $3,500 damages for the plaintiff.

At Montreal, Canada, on Friday, the thermometer marked 21 degrees below zero; at Quebec 24 degrees below; at Ottawa 20 degrees below; at Kingston 16 degrees below, and at St. John 7 degrees below.

Mississippi has ratified the fifteenth amendment, and Georgia, under the logic of bayonets, will no doubt do the same. Thus, we shall soon have the country "reconstructed," though not on the foundation of the Constitution.

At Bryant's station, Kentucky, C. Gregg, a farmer, shot and killed a negro, for an alleged assault on him. The negro was intoxicated at the time. Gregg has been arrested and held for trial.

It is stated from Washington that many Congressmen favor an early adjournment of the session, believing that all necessary legislation can be finished by the first of May.

In Wayne county, N. Y., on Friday, Walter Graham and Samuel Otto quarrelled while chopping in the woods, and the former killed the latter with an axe. Graham was arrested.

Reports from Glasgow Junction, Ky., say that the late tornado blew down every house between there and Cave city, six miles distant, and that twenty persons were killed.

Prince Bonaparte will be tried publicly in Paris before the high Court of Justice in the Hall of Justice at Versailles for shooting Victor Noir. No appeal is allowed from its decision.

The Red River war continues. The French have seized the safe of the Hudson's Bay Company at Fort Gary, and taken a quarter of a million of pounds in gold to pay troops.

All the prisoners in Snow Hill jail escaped last week. They burned a hole in the ceiling, another through the roof, tied their blankets together and slipped to the ground.

The Suez Canal shortens the distance from the West to the East, from Europe to India, by more than one-half—from about 15,000 miles to about 7,000 miles

Henry Ward Beecher declines to receive the salary of $20,000, which his congregation concluded to tender him. His present salary is $12,500.

Geo. Collins, late of California, is charged with being a defaulter to the Boston City Treasurer to the amount of fifteen thousand dollars.

In Boston, on Tuesday night, the police made a descent upon four of the principal gambling houses, and arrested eighty-seven persons, including the proprietors.

The dogma of infallibility is said to have seven hundred and eighty-six majority in its favor in the Æcumenical Council.

Mrs. Dalton, of Maury county, Tennessee, recently gave birth to her twenty-second child.

The large dry goods house of Bradford Bros., in Milwaukee, has failed, and offers to settle at fifty cents on the dollar.

Ex-President Fillmore was sixty-nine years of age last Friday.

A young woman in Indiana cut a tree which in falling killed her.

The Texas cattle have quadrupled in number since the war.

Fashion's latest decree is that wedding cards shall be rose-colored.

Kossuth is in Turin and in abject poverty.

During a severe storm on Sunday at Assumption, Illinois, two dwelling houses were demolished and two children killed. Three other persons were injured.

Robt. Thorn of Dutchess co. N. Y. died Thursday from injuries received from burglars on the night of the 5th instant.

The Chinese quarter of the town of San Jose, Cal. has been destroyed by fire, rendering one thousand persons homeless.

Six human skeletons have been found in the twentieth ward of Philadelphia and a "startling sensation" is the result.

Governor Alcorn and General Ames have been elected United States Senators from Mississippi.

Spain has 14,000 troops in Havana alone.

MARRIED.

On January 13th, at the residence of Mrs. Mary A. Hazell, Philadelphia, by John G. Wilson, V. D. M. Mr. Edwin D. Etherington of Cecil county, Md. and Miss Sarah E. Hazell, daughter of the late Wm. B. Hazell, of Philadelphia.

DIED.

On Sunday, the 16th, at the residence of his father, near Elkton, Md. B. Frank Frazer.

On Thursday, the 13th instant, near St. Georges, Del. Mr. Job Townsend, in the 77th year of his age.

In Baltimore, on the 15th instant, after a long and painful illness, Dr. George C. M. Roberts, in the 64th year of his age.

THE MARKETS.

MIDDLETOWN MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY A. T. BRADLEY.

Wheat, prime	$1 20
Corn, yellow, new	78
" white "	75
Oats, new	50
Timothy Seed	5 50
Clover Seed	10 00
Eggs	25 cts ₱ doz
Butter	35@40 cts. ₱ lb
Lard	19@20 " "
Chickens (dressed)	15@16 " "
Geese	15@16 " "
Hams	22@25 " "
Sides	18@20 " "
Shoulders	16@18 " "
Pork, (dressed)	13@14
Potatoes	60@ 75 ₱ bushel.

PHILADELPHIA.

Prime new red wheat	$1 20@1 23
Corn, new yellow	84@88
Oats (Pennsylvania)	56
Cloverseed	$8 00
Timothy	$4 75

WILMINGTON.

Wheat, prime	$1 20@1 25
Corn, New	75@82
Oats	60
Flour	$5 75@7 25

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FINE READY MADE CLOTHING.

228 MARKET STREET, 2nd Door below THIRD

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

Ready Made Clothing in Delaware,

Our Own Make, now on hand, and will be sold at less than Philadelphia Prices.

All our Clothing is made in Superior manner by

PRACTICAL TAILORS.

The Proprietor having an experience of over thirty years in this Business, will guarantee satisfaction to any purchaser.

A full line of

FINE CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES, and
VESTINGS,

Constantly on hand for

ORDER WORK,

which will be made in the

☞ LATEST STYLE AND BEST MANNER,

At No. 228 Market Street,

☞ The Oldest Established Clothing Emporium in Delaware.

March16—y **Edward Moore**

COUGHS AND COLDS.—At the present time when so many persons are suffering from Throat and Lung Diseases, they should bear in mind that HASSON'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF TAR never fails in curing Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Pain in the Breast, Sore Throat, Asthma and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. It is an excellent remedy for Croup and Hooping Cough. No family should be without it. Sold in Middletown at Dr. W. H. Barr's Drug Store, for 50 cents a bottle. Russell & Landis, Proprietors, Philadelphia.
Nov. 20—3mos.

INGRAM & GIBSON'S PRICE CURRENT.

Eggs	30cts.	Lard	20cts.
Butter	45.	Hogs	11.
Chickens, dressed	14.	Hogs, alive	10.
Ducks "	14.	Potatoes, round	45.
Turkeys "	16.	Feathers	65.
Geese "	12.	Honey	20.

The above prices will be paid in cash for produce delivered in good order; and we wish to say that we keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Groceries and Provisions which we will sell reasonably for cash, at the Corner of Broad and Anderson Streets, Middletown, Del.

☞ Fresh Meat every day.
March 20—tf INGRAM & GIBSON.

SHERIFFALTY.

SHERIFFALTY.

To the Electors of New Castle County.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—I offer myself to your consideration for the office of SHERIFF of New Castle County, subject to the nomination of the Democratic party. Respectfully yours,
ISAAC GRUBB.
New Castle Hd. Jan. 22—tn

SHERIFFALTY.—To the Voters of the Democratic Party of New Castle County:

GENTLEMEN:—Encouraged by many friends I am induced to offer myself as a candidate for nomination for Sheriff for the County of New Castle, pledging myself to abide by the nomination of said Party and give my hearty support to the successful candidate. Respectfully,
WM. H. LAMBSON.
New Dasile Hd. Dec. 25—tf

NEWARK, DEL. Dec. 11th, 1869.

To the Democratic Voters of New Castle county.

GENTLEMEN:—My name, as a candidate for the Sheriffalty, will gain be before the party for nomination. From

The Middletown Transcript

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,

BY CHAS. HAMILTON VANDERFORD.

TERMS.—$2.00 per annum, *payable in advance.* Single copies five cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.—One square of ten lines, $1 for three insertions and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. One square one year $10; six months $6. For a quarter of a column three months $8; six monhts $15; one year, with the privilege of four changes, $25; for half a column $50. Fractions of a square to be counted as a square. When the number of insertions is not marked, advertisements will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly. Obituaries published at advertising rates; Marriages and Deaths inserted free. Yearly advertisers must confine their advertisements to their own business.

☞ All letters should be addressed to THE MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, Middletown, Del.

☞ Office corner Main and Scott streets.

OUR INDIAN POLICY.

A correspondent discusses this subject as follows:

MR. EDITOR:—As there seems to be some difficulty still existing between the white people and the red men of the West, perhaps a brief address upon our Indian policy would be somewhat interesting to the intelligent readers of your worthy journal.

Has there not been a great mistake made in the course which has hitherto been pursued in relation to the Indian tribes upon the frontier of the United States? It is useless to attempt to disguise the fact that they have been made the victims to the cupidity and vices of the white man. Their lands have been encroached upon, their rights disregarded, and their wrongs have failed to be redressed. Instead of treating them with kindness or even with justice, and thereby knitting them to the white population in the bonds of amity and friendship, the very opposite course has been pursued, and the legitimate consequences are to be read in characters of blood, outrage and retaliation. Instead of giving them the rights of citizens, encouraging them to adopt the habits of civilized life, to become tillers of the soil and industrious producers of the fruits of the earth, they have been driven from point to point towards the setting sun. But had a different policy been adopted, these Indian tribes might have formed a line of defence on our western frontier, thereby saving a great sacrifice of property and life. It is not too late yet, however, to remedy these mistakes and to adopt a policy more humane and just. A striking case of injustice and wrong was detailed some time since in the Oregon Argus. An Indian by the name Dick Johnson, his wife, father and mother, sister and brother-in-law, seceded from a band of Indians for the purpose of abandoning their savage mode of life and becoming tillers of the soil, and settled upon Elk Creek, in Umfqua county. They were advised to settle on lands that would not be likely to excite the curiosity of land speculators. For a time they were undisturbed. People spoke of their industry, their sobriety, their rapid advancement in the arts of civilized life, with surprise and admiration. Their prosperity, however, unfortunately for themselves, attracted the attention of brutal and selfish people, who shot Johnson and his father without the slightest provocation, as they were engaged in their usual avocations. The brother-in-law was fired upon as he rode up to the cabin, but he escaped. The women and children in the meantime had succeeded in getting out of the way of their brutal assailants. Is it any marvel, then, that we hear of Indian outrages, when many such provocations are perpetrated. We entreat you, then, fellow-readers, to consider how wrong and unjust such acts of violence are, and what reason the poor ignorant and degraded Indians have to complain. Have they not reason to expect from an enlightened and christianized people as we profess to be, far different treatment from what they have received for many years past. J. M. L.

Summary of Foreign News.

FRANCE.—Trauppman was executed in Paris on Wednesday morning at 7 o'clock. Large crowds attended the execution, who jeered at him as he ascended the scaffold. He declared at the last moment that he had accomplices in the Kinck murder. No disturbance took place during the execution.

A number of Belgian journals intended for circulation in France have been seized by the French authorities. The preliminary examination of witnesses in the Victor Noir affair has commenced. Rochefort has been summoned to appear before the Court on Saturday as a witness in the case. The trial of Prince Pierre Bonaparte will take place a few days hence before the High Court of Justice, which has been convened for this purpose. The workmen at the immense iron works at Creuzot, ten thousand in number, are on a strike. President Sneider, the proprietor of the works, set out for Creuzot last night. The strike is considered of grave importance at this juncture.

SPAIN.—Serious disturbances are reported at Ballanas, Spain. The municipal authorities were attacked by the mob, but the troops quelled the riot. General Prim is accused of having conspired with Queen Isabella, but the statement is not credited.

At Louisville, on Wednesday last, upon the acquital Jacob Johnson, a negro, who was tried for the rape of Mrs. Louisa Henderson, the victim fired at him in open court. The ball grazed his head and took off part of his ear. The affair caused the greatest consternation and excitement.

Hon. Jefferson Davis has entered upon his duties as president of the Carolina Life Insurance Company at Memphis, Tenn.

A bill was introduced in the New Jersey Legislature on Wednesday last for the construction of a railroad from Flemington to Point Pleasant, on the Delaware.

The revolution in Mexico is said to be increasing in strength. The Spanish race everywhere seems to be in a state of chronic revolt.

In the Missouri Legislature on Tuesday, bills were introduced abolishing capital punishment, and removing the State Capital to St. Louis.

There are to be $40,000 worth of mirrors is the new Union Hotel, at Saratoga.

THE NEXT CENSUS.—A most important change of political power will be brought about by the next census. New England will lose six members of Congress, the Middle States seven, while the Western States will gain fourteen and the Southern States four. This will cause a decided change in the complexion of political affairs in the country.

Seven or eight rooms at the City Hotel, Annapolis, Md. were entered by some expert thief, on Tuesday night last, and the pockets of the inmates rifled. Horace Beck, of Kent county, lost over $100, and John Merryman, Treasurer elect, was also a sufferer.

LECTURE

IN THE

TOWN HALL,

Middletown, Del.

ON MONDAY EVENING JAN. 24th, 1870,

BY MADAM DUCKER.

SUBJECT—"PROPER SPHERE OF WOMAN,"

Opposing the absurdity of women neglecting their houses in order to enter the political arena, and showing the evil that must arise from such a course. In consideration of the appropriateness of the subject, the time and attention devoted by Madam Ducker, we bespeak in her behalf a large and intelligent audience.

Doors open at 7, Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets 50 Cents; to be had at the Post Office, also at the door.

Jan 22—1w*

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned having removed to Main street, opposite the National Hotel, Middletown, Del. intends to devote his whole attention to the

GRAIN AND LIME BUSINESS.

Will pay on order of Messrs. William Lea & Sons, Brandywine Mills, or Elihu Jefferson, New Castle, Del. the highest cash price, delivered at Del. R. R. or on Delaware waters.

Also will fill orders for

Rambo's, White's & Kenneday's Lime

In store and for sale

MORO PHILIPS' BAUGH'S RAWBONE & RHODES' SUPERPHOSPHATES.

CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEEDS,

FLOUR, FEED, AND CORN MEAL.

☞ Don't forget—opposite the National Hotel, Middletown, Del.

January 22—1870 A. T. BRADLEY.

LORILLARD'S "EUREKA" Smoking Tobacco

Is an excellent article of granulated Virginia; wherever introduced it is universally admired. It is put up in handsome muslin bags, in which orders for Meerschaum Pipes are daily packed.

LORILLARD'S "YACHT CLUB" SMOKING TOBACCO classed by all who consume it as the "finest of all;" it is made of the choicest leaf grown; it is anti-nervous in its effects, as the Nicotine has been extracted; it leaves no disagreeable taste after smoking; it is very mild, light in color and weight, hence one pound will last as long as 3 of ordinary tobacco. In this brand we also pack orders every day for first quality Meerchaum Pipes. Try it and convince yourselves it is all it claims to be, "the finest of all."

LORILLARD'S "CENTURY" CHEWING TOBACCO. This brand of Fine Cut chewing tobacco has no equal or superior anywhere. It is without doubt the chewing tobacco in the country.

LORILLARD'S SNUFFS, have now been in general use in the United States over 110 years, and still acknowledged "the best" wherever used.

If your storekeeper does not have these articles for sale, ask him to get them; the are sold by respectable jobbers everywhere.

Circular of prices forwarded on application.

P. LORILLARD, New York.

Jan. 22—3m

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls can earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address and test the business, we make this unparalled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample, which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO.

Jan. 22—3m Agusta, Maine.

PUBLIC SALE.

The subscriber will sell at Public Sale, on WEDNESDAY, FEB. 9th, 1870, at 12½ o'clock, P. M. at the National Hotel in Middletown, Del. now kept by Mr. Curtis Lippincott, about one-fourth interest in the above named Hotel. This would be a good investment, as the location is so conveniently situated on the corner of Railroad and Main streets, that it must get the entire Railroad patronage as well as a great portion of the town and country custom, the building being one of the largest hotels in the State and has every convenience.

Terms at sale. ANTHONY REYBOLD.

L. W. STIDHAM & SON, Auctioneers and Real Estate Agents,

Jan. 22—ts

OSAGE ORANGE QUICKS FOR SALE!!

200,000 Prime Quicks of 1 year's growth, also 100,000 Choice 2 years old, suitable for replanting. For further particulars address

S. H. CRAWFORD,

Jan. 22—tf Middletown, Del.

1000 WHITE OAK FENCE POSTS 7 Feet long, for sale by SAMUEL & RICHARD TOWNSEND. $20 per Thousand,

Townsend, Del. Jan. 22, 1870.

FOR RENT.—The Dwellinghouse and Lager Beer Saloon adjoining, now occupied by the undersigned, in Odessa. There is a good Stable, Carriagehouse and Ice-house on the premises. Possession given on the 25th of March. Apply to Mrs. CATHERINE NEWMAN.

January 15—3w

Del. Gazette, Republican and Tribune copy 3t and send bill to advertiser.

CARRIAGE FOR RAFFLE.

The undersigned has for raffle a late style York Carriage, very little used. The carriage cost $215 and will be raffled off for $175. One Dollar a chance. For further particulars apply to

J. H. WALLER,

Jan. 15—tf Middletown Hotel.

WANTED,

POULTRY OF ALL KINDS, for which the market price will be paid.

dec. 25—tf JAS. T. SHALLCROSS.

WEST LEHIGH, EGG & STOVE COAL, for sale at E. T. EVANS'

Jan. 15—tf Wood & Coal Yard.

Delaware Rail Road Line

Winter Arrangement.

ON and after Monday, January 3rd, 1870, Passenger Trains will run as follows, until further notice. All trains Sundays excepted.

NORTH.			SOUTH.		
LEAVE	A. M.	LEAVE.	A. M.	P. M.	
Delmar	10 45	*Philadelphia*	8 30	5 05	
Laurel	11 05	*Baltimore*	7 25	2 35	
Seaford	11 30	*Wilmington*	10 10	6 29	
Bridgeville	11 50	New Castle	10 30	6 45	
	M.	Bear,	10 50	7 00	
Greenwood	12 00	St. Georges	11 00	7 15	
	A. M.	P. M.	Mt. Pleasant	11 15	7 30
Farmington		12 15	*Middletown*	11 35	7 50
Harrington	7 00	12 35	Townsend	11 45	8 00
Felton	7 15	12 50	Blackbird	11 50	8 05
Plymouth	7 20	1 00		M.	
Canterbury	7 20	1 00	Sassafras	12 00	8 15
Willow Grove	7 25	1 05		P. M.	
Camden	7 35	1 15	Clayton	12 05	8 20
Dover	7 50	ARRIVE			
Moorton	8 05	1 45	Smyrna	12 15	8 30
Brenford	8 10	1 55	LEAVE.		
Smyrna	8 05	1 50	Brenford	12 10	8 25
Clayton	8 20	2 05	Mooreton	12 20	8 35
Sassafras Road	8 25	2 10	*Dover*	12 40	8 55
Blackbird	8 35	2 20	Camden	12 50	9 05
Townsend	8 40	2 30	Willow Grove	1 05	9 15
Middletown	9 00	2 45	Canterbury	1 10	9 20
Mt. Pleasant	9 10	2 55	Plymouth	1 10	9 20
St. Georges	9 25	3 10	Felton	1 20	9 30
Bear	9 35	3 25	Harrington	1 40	9 45
N. Castle	9 55	3 45	Farmington	1 55	
ARRIVE.			Greenwood	2 05	
Wilmington	10 15	4 05	Bridgeville	2 15	
Philada.	11 45	5 40	*Seaford*	2 38	
		P. M.	Laurel	2 55	
Baltimore	1 15	8 10	Delmar	3 10	

FREIGHT TRAIN, with Passenger Car attached will leave Stations named at the following changed hours, (subject to delays incident to freight business) viz: Going South, leave Wilmington about 3 00 A. M. New Castle, 4 00; Middletown, 6 00; Clayton, 7 15; Dover, 8 50; Camden, 9 10; Felton, 10 05, and be due at Harrington 10 30 A. M. Going North, to leave Harrington about 3 20 P. M. Felton, 4; Camden, 5 05; Dover, 5 45; Morton, 6 10; Clayton, 7; Middletown, 8 45; New Castle, 10 30; and be due at Wilmington 11 P. M.

This train will stop to take up passengers only at Stations named, but will set down passengers at any regular stopping place between Harrington and Wilmington, except Hare's Corner, State Road, Del. Junction and Dupont.

NEW CASTLE TRAINS.—Leave New Castle for Wilmington and Philadelphia at 7 40. Leave Philadelphia at 11 45 A. M. and Wilminton 1 P. M. for New Castle.

SMYRNA BRANCH TRAINS.—Additional to those above will leave Smyrna for Clayton 11 45 A. M. and 8 10 P. M. Leave Clayton for Smyrna 8 40 A. M. and 2 10 P. M. to make connections with trains to and from Dover, and Stations south.

E. Q. SEWALL,

Jan. 8—y Superintendent Del. R. R.

Homestead & Pre-emption.

I HAVE compiled a full, concise and complete statement, plainly printed, for the information of persons intending to take up a Homestead or Pre-emption in this portion of the West, embracing Iowa, Dakota and Nebraska—and other sections. It explains how to proceed to procure 160 acres of rich farming land for nothing, 6 months before you leave your home, in this most healthy climate. In short it contains just such instructions as are needed by those intending to make a home and fortune on the Free lands of the West. I will send one of these printed guides to any person sending me 25 cents. The information alone which it gives is $5 to anybody. Men, who came here two or three years ago and took a farm, are to-day independent.

TO YOUNG MEN.—This country is being crossed with numerous railroads, reaching from every direction to Sioux City, Iowa. Six railroads will be completed to this city within one year. One is already in operation, connecting us with Chicago and the U. P. Railroad, and two more will be completed before spring, connecting us with Dubuque and McGregor, direct. Three more will becompleted within a year, connecting us direct with Saint Paul, Minn. Yanktown, Dakota, and Columbus, Nebraska, on the U. P. Railroad. The Missouri river gives us the mountain trade. Thus it will be seen that no section of country offers such unprecedented advantages for business, speculation and making a fortune. For the country is being populated, and the towns and cities are being built, and fortunes being made almost beyond belief. Every man who takes a homestead now will have a railroad market at his own door. And any enterprising young man, with a small capital can establish himself in a permanent and paying business, if he selects the right location and right branch of trade. Eighteen years residence in the western country, and a large portion of the time employed as a mercantile agent in this country has made me familiar with all the branches of business and the best locations in this country. For one dollar remitted to me, I will give truthful and definite answers to all questions on this subject, desired by such person Tell them the best place to locate and what business is overcrowded and what branch is neglected.

Address DANIEL SCOTT,

8. C. Com. of Emigration,

Jan. 15—ly Box 185 Sioux City, Iowa.

LUMBER & HARDWARE.

J. B. FENIMORE & CO.

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT,

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Lumber and Hardware,

BRICKS, LIME, HAIR, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS

MOULDINGS, PAINTS, OILS,

GLASS, ETC. ETC.

Constantly on hand all kinds of

Building Material.

January 15—tf

The Best! The Best!!

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

A weekly illustrated journal of 16 pages, devoted to machinery, agricultural improvements, chemical science, and new discovery. 1 year 832 pages. $1,500 cash in prizes will be paid for clubs of subscribers on the 10th of February.

A handsome large steel engraving of 10 distinguished American Inventors, presented to subscribers. Specimens of paper, prospectuses, and blanks for names, sent free. Terms, $3 a year; $1.50 for 6 months. Discount to clubs. A book of importance to all about to apply for patents sent free. Write for full particulars concerning prizes and patents to MUNN & CO.,

Publishers and Patent Solicitors,

Jan 8—3mos 37 Park Row, N. Y.

Grimley's Nervine Cordial

CURES FITS.

This valuable medicine has cured hundreds of Epileptic Fits, Spasms and Convulsions, and it is the only reliable remedy known. This has been used for many years on the other side of the Atlantic, and needs but to be tried to be as highly thought of in the United States as in Europe. Send for sample free of charge. Sold only by

THOS. GRIMLEY, Druggist,

Jan 8—3mos 454 Fourth Avenue, N. Y.

The Surprise Sewing Machine.

PRICE, $5.

It makes the elastic lock-stitch; it sews as well as any machine in the market; a child can use it; it requires no instructions; it makes no noise; it does not get out of order; it can be carried in the pocket; it makes an elegant present. UNION SEWING MACHINE COMPANY.

Agents wanted, 234 Broadway, N. Y,

Jan 8—3mos

TO TRAVELLERS.

TICKETS from Odessa to Philadelphia $1.50. To Wilmington $1.15. From Philadelphia to Odessa the same price, and from Wilmington to Odessa the same.

☞ Tickets to be had of R. N. Long,

Dec. 18—tf Prorietor of the Stage Line.

OAK and PINE WOOD, Sawed and Split, in quantities to suit, for sale at

Jan. 15—tf E. T. EVANS'

ADMINISTRATORS' SALE

OF

VALUABLE STOCK AND FARMING IMPLEMENTS.

Will be sold at Public Vendue, at the late residence of Wm. M. Vandegrift, dec'd, one mile below Odessa, on WEDNESDAY, FEB. 9th, all the Stock and Farming Implements of said deceased, consisting as follows:—7 Head of HORSES, among them are some excellent travellers, and the balance good Work Horses; 6 pairs of MULES, all of which are of good size, and not surpassed for workers; 9 MILCH COWS, some of which will be in profit by day of sale; several head of YOUNG CATTLE, 37 SHOATS, of good stock; 2 Farm Wagons—iron axles; 3 Peach Wagons, 1 Falling-Top Buggy, 1 Germantown and one Square-Top Carriage; 1 Mill Wagon, 1 Horse Cart, Sleigh and Bells, 2 Grain Drills with Phosphate Attachment, Corn Sheller, Fan, Carriage & Wagon Harness, Plow Gears, Double and Single Trees, Grind Stone, Grain Bags, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Hoes, Forks, lot of bees, Peach Baskets, Peach Steps; Timothy Hay by the ton, Pork by the lb.

Household and Kitchen Furniture, such as Beds and Bedding, Chairs, Tables, Stands, Carpets, Stoves, &c. with many other articles to tedious to mention.

TERMS.—All sums of $25 and under, cash; on all over that amount a credit of 8 months will be given, purchasers giving bankable note with approved endorsers, interest and stamps added.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock.

At 12 o'clock will be sold, for cash, 5 Shares of New Castle County National Bank Stock.

THOMAS CAVENDER, } Adm's

F. T. PERRY, }

Jan. 15—ts W. A. HEKILL, Auc.

THE AGE.

DAILY AND WEEKLY,

For 1870.

THE beginning of the New Year is a good time to subscribe for a newspaper, and to subscribe for THE AGE is a good beginning of the New Year.

TERMS OF THE DAILY AGE:

One year, by mail.....$8 00.
Six months..... 4 25.
Three months..... 2 25.

For any period less than three months, at the rate of One Dollar per month. The postage on THE DAILY AGE is thirty cents per quarter, or one dollar and twenty cents per annum, if prepaid at the office of delivery. Payment required invariably in advance.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY AGE:

One copy, one year.....$1 50
Ten copies.....12 50
Twenty copies.....22 00
Fifty copies.....55 00

The following deductions, from the above rates, will be made when all the papers ordered are sent to a single address, and not addressed severally to the members of the club:

Twenty copies.....$20 00
Fifty copies..... 50 00

One copy will be furnished gratis for getting up a club of twenty or more, all addressed to one person, for one year.

A copy of "The Daily Age" will be furnished gratis, for getting up a club of fifty.

The postage of "The Weekly Age" is 5 cents per quarter, or twenty cents per annum, if prepaid at the office of delivery.

The above terms will be rigidly adhered to, and no notice will be taken of a subscription until paid in advance.

Drafts on Philadelphia, or postoffice orders, payable to the order of the publishers, being safer, are preferable to any other mode of remittance. All who send money by express, must prepay express charges.

Address WELSH & ROBB,

Nos. 14 and 16 South Seventh St.

Jan. 15—3t Philadelphia, Pa.

BOSTON POST,

For 1870.

Daily, Semi-Weekly, and Weekly.

We endeavor to render the BOSTON POST, Daily, Semi-weekly, and Weekly, as useful and interesting as any newspapers printed; well supplied with news and correspondence from all quarters of the world, and, especially, with a faithful record of events in the United States.

Politics, Commerce, Manufactures, Literature, Agriculture—all information necessary to a full understanding of current events in each of these departments, we shall endeavor to present in our columns.

TERMS:—Cash in advance. Single subscriptions, per annum: daily, $10. Semi-weekly, $4. Weekly, $2. ☞ Clubs of five or more, to one address, will be furnished as follows:

Boston Post (daily,) at $9 per year per copy. Boston Press and Post (semi-weekly), $5 per year per copy. Boston Statesman and Weekly Post (weekly), $1 50 per year per copy.

For clubs of ten or more, one copy will be given to the organizer of the club.

No variation from above terms in any case.

Subscriptions can begin at any time. Specimen copies sent when requested.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The extent and character of the circulation of the various editions of the Boston Post render them invaluable as advertising mediums.

BEALS, GREENE & CO. Publishers,

BOSTON POST BUILDING,

Cor. of Devonshire and Water streets,

Jan. 15—tf Boston, Mass.

NEW YORK WORLD.

THE *DAILY WORLD*—Published every morning. By mail, one year, $10; one quarter, $2 50; less than one quarter, $1 per month; with Sunday Edition, $12 a year.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY WORLD—Published Tuesdays and Fridays, $4 a year; four copies, $10; ten copies, to one address, $20.

THE WEEKLY WORLD—$2 a year; four copies, $7; ten copies, $15. To one address, 20 copies, $25; fifty copies, $50. For club prices and other information, see specimen numbers, which will be forwarded on application.

The World Almanac—single copies, by mail, prepaid, 25 cts; seven copies $1.

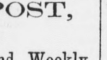
TERMS—Cash, invariably in advance.

We have no travelling agents. Remit by draft or postoffice order. Money at risk of sender.

Advertising rates (per agate line) for cash—Daily, twenty cents to one dollar, according to place; semi-weekly, Twenty-five cents; weekly, seventy-five cents; special notices, $1. Address all letters THE WORLD,

Jan 15—tf No. 35 Park Row, New York.

STRAYED from the subscriber's farm, on Sunday, Nov. 21, 1869 a small red and white HEIFER, 3 years old next spring; fresh, and had drover's mark (gas-tar) on the right hip. It is supposed she went to the neighborhood of Middletown. A liberal reward will be paid for her recovery.



THOS. A. REESE,

Jan. 15—3w Chesapeake City, Md.

FOR RENT, in the village of Townsend, New Castle county, Del. TWO HOUSES, Two Stories High, with Gardens; one CARTWRIGHT or CARRIAGE SHOP, two stories high; one BLACKSMITH SHOP with two Forges. All of the property in good order, and at a good location. SAMUEL TOWNSEND.

Townsend, Jan. 8, 1870—tf

FOR SALE.—NINE COLTS From 6 to 30 Months Old. Apply to AMOS W. LYNCH.

January 8—tf

FOR Sale.—300 CORDS OF WOOD, AND 2000 OAK POSTS, BY

Jan. 8—1m M. E. WALKER.

$1140 How I made it in six months with Stencils. Sample mailed free.

Jan. 8—3mos A. J. FULLAM, N. Y.

DOUGHTEN'S

PARAGON SHIRTS.

HAVING removed to our new store No. 410 Market street, we are now prepared to wanufacture with greater dispatch our celebrated

PARAGON SHIRTS,

In which are combined neatness, comfort, elegance, and durability.

A number of years of practical experience has reduced the manufacture of Shirts to a thorough system, and the wide spread reputation of our

PARAGON SHIRTS

Is based solely upon merit.

☞ Descriptive Circulars for

SELF MEASUREMENT

Sent on application to

J. P. Doughten,

410 Market Street, Wilmington, Delaware.

Nov. 6—y

1870. MUSLINS. 1870.

STRAWBRIDGE AND CLOTHIER,

In distributing their large stock of Cotton Goods this season will adhere to their usual plan of placing them among their customers, who purchase (whole or uncut) pieces at the lowest wholesale prices.

In Shirtings, we offer	In Sheetings,
New York Mills,	Huguenots,
Wamsutta,	Uticas,
Our Own Make,	Androscoggin,
Williamsville,	Waltham,
Forrestdale,	Pequot,
Fruit of the Loom,	Wamsutta,

With every other celebrated family brand.

Do not fail to CALL AND ASCERTAIN our prices BEFORE PURCHASING.

Those about commencing housekeeping, and others that renew at this season of the year, will find the advantages we are enabled to offer, by reason of our superior connections with manufacturers and importers, to be far in advance of any other house.

THE LARGE DISPLAY OF

Irish, Scotch and Barnsly Table Damasks,

Napkins, Doylies, Fruit and Wine Cloths,

Blankets, Counterpanes and Table Covers

Must command the attention of all purchasers.

WE CAN SELL GOOD

Napkins at $1 25 per doz.
Towels at $1 50 per doz.
Napkins from $1 25 to $10 per doz.
Towels from $1 50 to $8 per doz.
Good quality Table Linen, 62½ cts.
Loom Damasks at 50 cts.
Bleached Table Linen, 87 cts.

STOREKEEPERS,

HOTELS,

BOARDING HOUSES,

FAMILIES,

SUPPLIED IN ANY QUANTITY.

We are determined to keep our stock so large and attractive, and the price of every article so low as to make it the interest of every consumer to make our store their market for Dry Goods.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER

N. W. Cor. Eighth and Market Sts.

PHILADELPHIA.

Jan. 15—tf.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having purchased from the heirs of M. J. Haines the unexpired Patent for Grian Drill, known as "Kuhn's & Haines'," Haines & Wood," or "Wood's Drill," has made several important improvements in it, viz:—A Cast Iron Bottom,—Front Feet of Box Hinged, so as to be independent of the Frame,—Combined open Metalic Spouts, for distributing the Phosphate and Grain toget r, &c, &c. and secured the same by Letters Pate t, dated November 30, 1869, have combined with t my celebrated

PHOSPHATE SOWER,

With its Movable Cast Iron Bottom, adjusted by sett screws, &c, also secured to me by Letters Patent, dated Oct. 2?, 1868, and confirmed July 10, 1869, by a decision of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

As there has been over 100 of these machines introduced and used in this neighborhood, within the last two years, with entire satisfaction, I am enabled to offer to the public my improved

DELAWARE PHOSPHATE DRILL

As a first class machine, with a full guarantee of good workmanship and satisfactory performance. I would also notify all persons that I shall prosecute any infringement upon any of the improvements secured to me by either of the above Letters Patent.

W. N. HAMILTON, M. D.

Dec. 11, 1869—tf. Odessa, Del.

AGENTS WANTED

LOCAL AND TRAVELING,

FOR THE

American Meat & Vegetable Chopper,

THE best thing, without exception, in the market; saves 90 per cent, in time and labor; cuts 10 to 15 lbs. of meat, sufficiently fine for pies, in four minutes. Agents are coining money. Cut of machine, terms, &c. free.

Address D. A. NEWTON & Co.

Oct. 9—3m No. 38 Cortland St. N. Y.

NOTICE.—All New-Comers, or persons left off the Assessment List of St. Georges Hundred, are requested to leave their names with Joseph H. Walker, Middletown, when they will be added to the List by L. R. DAVIS,

January 1—3w* Assessor.

FOR RENT—A Wheelwright Shop in Middletown; possession given immediately. Apply to W. L. BUCKE & SON.

Jan. 1—tf Middletown, Del.

304 W. M. KENNARD 306

THE CASH

DRY GOODS

AND

CARPET HOUSE,

OF

DELAWARE.

304 & 306

MARKET STREET,

WILMINGTON,

Is now prepared to offer to Cash Buyers one of the best selected, greatest variety, and largest assortment of goods ever offered in this State.

THE CARPET ROOM

Having been enlarged, is filled with a fine variety of the best makes of English and American Tapestry, Brussels, Three-Ply, Ingrain, &c. Oil Cloths, all widths, Cocoa and Canton Mattings, Rugs, Matts, Window Shades, Fixtures, Stair Rods, &c, &c. &c. &c.

In the Wholesale Deparment

Will be found all the best makes of Sheetings, Shirtings, &c. all of which will be sold at New York Wholesale Prices.

The Cloth and Cassimere Department

Is one of the most extensive in the establishment, comprising all kinds of goods for Ladies', Men's & Boy's wear.

The Flannel Department

☞ For Variety, cannot be surpassed ☜

THE RETAIL

Sheeting and Muslin Department

Is large and all kinds of the best goods will be cut at very low prices.

The Hosiery and Glove Counter

Will be found full and complete at all times.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Underwear

Of all kinds at reasonable rates.

The Dress Goods Room

Is the pride of the House, special attention being paid to this department.

W. M. K. constantly in the New York and Philadelphia markets, enables him to procure all new and desirable goods at the lowest rates, and as he buys direct from the importer in large lots, it is to his advantage to sell cheap, that goods may be turned out fast, thus keeping the stock new and lively all the time.

All are invited to call, feeling assured that they will not be disappointed either in assortment or prices,

W. M. KENNARD,

304 & 306 Market st.

ABOVE THIRD,

WILMINGTON,

DELAWARE.

Oct. 9, 1869.—y

E. T. EVANS,

GRAIN Commission MERCHANT,

Buys exclusively for

J. & S. P. TRUSS, NEW CASTLE, DEL.

PENNOCK CORN SHELLERS, at E. T. Evans' Agricultural Warehouse.

BOYS' AND MISSES' SKATES AT EVANS'

SLEIGH BELLS FOR SALE AT EVANS'

BALED HAY For Sale at EVANS'

BOYS' SLEDS—A FINE ASSORTMENT AT EVANS'

DO you wish to make your wife a Christmas Present! Buy her a

DOTY'S CLOTHES WASHER AND UNIVERSAL WRINGER.

Read the following testimonials:

From Rev. L. Scott, Bishop of the M. E. Church—DEAR SIR:—We like our machine much; could not be persuaded to do our work without it, and with the aid of Doty we feel that we are masters of the position. On one occasion, the clothes were prepared, but the washer-woman failed us. We were not to be defeated that way. I took hold (which of course I should not have done if we had had no machine) and in 2½ hours we put through eleven dozen pieces, many of which were sheets, and they were well done too. We wish you great success.

From Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.—After a constant use of the Universal Clothes Wringer for more than four years in my family, I am authorized by the "powers that be" to give it the most unqualified praise, and to pronounce it an indispensible part of the machinery of housekeeping. Our servants have always been willing to use it, and always liked it.

From Rev. Theo. L. Cuyler.—Life is too short, and human strength is too precious for our womankind to be kept at the old process of clothes washing and wringing. In the laundry of my house there is a perpetual thanksgiving on Mondays for the invention of your excellent Wringer. I wish human hearts could be cleansed as easily.

Orange Judd, Editor of American Agriculturist, says:—Doty's Washing Machine we have tried thoroughly, in competition with many others, and for actual service this seems to be an improvement upon every previous machine we have tested. Our "better half" says this is taken to most kindly by the "help," and that she cannot persuade them to use any other, while this is at hand.

Salon Robinson says:—FRIEND DOTY—Your last improvement of your Washing Machine is a complete success. A slim girl, ten years of age uses it, and an invalid lady, who has to sit down to work, can wash without fatigue. I assure you our machine, after a year's use, is thought more of to-day than ever, and would not be parted with under any circumstances. You have won blessings from all the women about this house, be assured of that.

From the wife of the Hon. S. C. Fessenden.—Mr. Fessenden, at my request, purchased for me one of your Doty Washing Machines. It has been used to do my weekly washing for more than a year, and I have no hesitation in saying that, in my opinion, it is all a housekeeper can desire, for the purpose for which it is desired. It has given me entire satisfaction.

For Sale at

E. T. EVANS' Agricultural Warehouse.

Middletown, Del.

Dec. 25—3m

GEO. W. INGRAM & CO.

BROKERS,

BROAD STREET ABOVE MAIN,

Middletown, Delaware,

ATTEND PROMPTLY TO THE COLLECTION OF

NOTES, DRAFTS, BILLS, &c. &c.

LOANS NEGOTIATED UPON THE MOST LIBERAL TERMS.

INVESTMENTS MADE IN THE MOST SATISFACTORY MANNER.

Stocks Bought and Sold on Commission.

Also, receive applications for

DEL. MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF WILMINGTON.

Refer by permission to the following named gentlemen:

Geo. W. Karaner,	McDonough,
J. W. Vandegrift,	"
Seyfert, McManus & Co.	Philadelphia,
Gen. Robert Patterson,	"
B. F. Chatham,	Phila. Nat. Bank,

Oct. 16, 1869—y

$10,000 Wanted on Bond and Mortgage, liberal—apply to

Oct. 23—tf Geo. W. Ingram & Co.

FARM IN KENT COUNTY, MD. OF 250 ACRES, UPON NAVIGATION,

For Sale upon very reasonable terms. Apply to

oct. 23—tf GEO. W. INGRAM & CO.

DELAWARE RAIL ROAD BONDS,

DELAWARE STATE BONDS,

NEW CASTLE CO. BONDS,

For Sale by GEO. INGRAM & CO.

oct. 23—tf

WANTED,

CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK STOCK. Highest market rates paid by

Oct. 23—tf GEO. W. INGRAM & CO.

WILMINGTON & READING R. R. BONDS For sale by GEO. W. INGRAM & CO.

Oct. 23—tf Brokers,

FIRST Class Real Estate Bonds for sale by GEO. W. INGRAM & CO.

Oct 23—tf

CAPITALISTS are invited to call and examine our list of Securities before investing.

Oct. 23—tf Geo. W. Ingram & Co,

FOR SALE.—The Thoroughbred Canadian Stallion

PRINCE ALBERT.

Any one wishing to purchase can call upon the undersigned. JAS. T. SHALLCROSS,

dec. 25—tf

J. ALFRED MAY, Elkton, Md. I. REYNER DUKES, Denton, Md.

MAY & DUKES,

GRAIN & GENERAL PRODUCE

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 24 SOUTH WATER ST.

Between Chestnut & Market Sts.

PHILADELPHIA.

Consignments of Grain and Produce solicited. Orpers for Guano, Fertilizers and Groceries, promptly attended to. Nov. 6—tf.

ZEPHYRS and Germantown Wools for knitting Shawls, Nubias and Afghans, also stocking and knitting Yarns.

Samples sent by mail, and goods sent by Express, to any part of the country. Sold at retail at the WAVERLY MILLS 1024 Lombard Street,

Dec. 11—3mos **Philadelphia, Pa.**

Original Poetry.

THE OLD CRADLE.

Written for the Middletown Transcript

BY GUESSY COURTNAY.

It sits in the garret
All covered with dust,
It is bruised, scarr'd and worn,
And smelling of must.

There's a piece off one corner,
A split in the head,
And its fill'd with old clothing
Instead of a bed.

The small downy pillow
With cover so white,
The warm lamb's-wool blankets
So fleecy and light,

The soft narrow mattress,
And the dimity spread,
Are about it no longer,
For the baby is dead.

As the cradle sits idle
Its rockers no more
Are swaying to lullabys
As in days of yore.

Will it ever be moving
And shining again?
Or in that lone garret
Is't doomed to remain?

Correspondence of the Middletown Transcript

January 1st, 1870.

To the Editor of the Middletown Transcript, SIR:—I saw a notice in your valuable paper, some time ago, soliciting correspondence, and though my missive may not be exactly of the kind referred to, nevertheless I beg you to forbear for a few moments. My leisure hours are principally occupied in reading and musing, and sometimes walking, occasionally scribbling for my own edification, for to my certain knowledge I have never edified any one else; but otherwise I represent the flower born to blush unseen, and waste its sweetness on the desert air. I grow "half sick of shadows," and as I do not possess a pair of double magnifying lenses, but having a vision limited, I am compelled to look with my mind's eye merely to relieve the *ennui*. Sometimes I grow quite poetical, and with a volume of poems in my hand, I go forth to ramble like the heroines of romance. While thus impersonating others, and contemplating the beauties of nature, I am liable to be rudely awakened from reverie by an inopportune equestrian; but regaining my equanimity I glance at the intruders, and whether they be old or young, handsome or hideous, I close my eyes to all defects, and mentally apply the appellations of Byron's Corsair, Feramorz, or the Ghebes of sweet Tom's Lalla Rookh. However, when I am assailed by a vicious dog that makes his debut with every demonstration of a hostile spirit, I can no longer confine my mind to classic lore, or elegant literature, but with that little maxim in my mind that discretion is the better part of valor, I mount a fence where I sit poised in midair until the aforesaid quadruped departs, whereupon I dismount, and turn my steps homeward, ruminating as to whether it is better to walk or not to walk. I trust that you will excuse this long preamble, or whatever you may term it, for what I am trying to bring on the tapis is my visit to the fair. They say all pleasures have drawbacks and I have been trying to explain that even "roaming" may have disadvantages and hence to vary the monotony I concluded I would accept the cordial invitation of a friend to attend the festival then being held in the hall of your town. I was quite elated and my fancy gambolling on in advance of time, I settled in my mind that I would have a nice time. Upon arriving we walked around two or three times and having satisfied our "feminine curiosity" we stationed ourselves to note the new arrivals, and also the very stylish carriage on exhibition. There were some very pretty types of both blondes and brunettes present, but I noticed the popularity of a lady depended not upon a regularity of form or features but upon the value of her toilet. I don't know of what my fair companion was thinking but I being very imaginative had mentally ensconced myself in the above carriage, which, drawn by two noble steeds, was whirling over a beautiful scope of country, when my musings were broken in upon by an introduction to a gentleman. I bowed without looking up and was thinking that he was the Sir Lancelot who was to break the magic web I was weaving; but alas, how different from the gallant knight of Camelot. Now I was quite a nonentity myself but my fair friend was not, and I soon discovered the heart of this most proper young man was well woven with the meshes of her dark hair. He immediately resolved to make her promenade even against her own "secret will." She feigned fatigue and the necessity of a speedy return home. He was inexorable. She then suggested that she could not leave me alone, but he gallantly came to the rescue by positively declaring that I must accompany them, though for aught I know he was wishing me at the antipodes. There was no help for it, and with much the sensations experienced by the Peri being turned away from the gates of Heaven, we gave up our comfortable work and followed this indefatigable young man, making sundry faces the while, and vaguely thinking of the happiness conferred if some handsome hero would come to the rescue; but none came and we were fain to exclaim with an air that would have done credit to Melpomene, "he laughs at scars who never felt a wound!" In vain we ran whenever our captor's back was turned for he vigilantly singled us out, and I almost fancied the look of triumph on his physiognomy was only equaled by the Roman conqueror's noted for daring exploits, when exclaiming "I came, I saw, I conquered." Our risibles were so excited, that not until we were well on our home and had given vent to our feelings, did we regain our wanted composure.

"As brevity is the soul of wit," I will dilate no further upon my adventure, but merely state that I shall return to the unvaried routine of my life. Probably when genial Spring shall unbind the icy fetters of Winter I may again resume my roaming, which is not so bad after all, with the earth clothed in beauty, the meek dwellers of leafy homes chanting a Te Deum, and the aroma of flowers fill the air with fragrance. I am yours, respectfully,

MIGNONETTE.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

WE would respectfully call the attention of customers and friends to our stock of

CUBA, SINBAD, & FELT HATS,

In Nutra, Black and Brown Colors,

Which we are selling at a great reduction on the original price, to enable everyone to fit himself out in a New Hat for the coming Holidays.

Also, our large stock of

BLACK AND FANCY CASSIMERES

suitable for men and boys' wear, at prices ranging from $1 to $2.25 per yard, which we are constantly receiving, every week from the manufacturers and jobbers in new and fresh styles.

We have on our second floor a nice line of

INGRAIN,
STAIR,
GERMAN,
TURKEY,
and RAG CARPETS.

Floor Oil Cloths, &c.

Which we are selling at city prices to enable our customers to buy their Carpets at home, instead of going to the cities for them.

JOHN A. REYNOLDS & SONS,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Nov. 20—y

Great Northern and Southern GARDEN & NURSERIES.

TO be seen at this establishment the largest and best stock of

TREES AND PLANTS,

every offered in this country, which will be closed out at greatly reduced rates.

275,000 No. 1 Peach Trees.

80,000 Standard and Dwarf Pears, varieties adapted to Southern Culture.

160,000 Apples—No. 1—among them all the desirable varieties of the Southern keeping apples—these are the only varieties of winter apples worth planting in Maryland and Delaware—the popular Northern winter apples all become fall apples here.

20,000 Cherry Trees, largely of Early Richmond for Orchard planting.

600,000 Blackberries—Early Wilson, Kittatiny, Dorchester, and Lawton.

50,000 Grapes, in varieties.

100,000 Gooseberry and Currants in varieties.

160,000 Raspberries—Philadelphia, Clark, Doolittle and Davidson's Thornless, Miami, &c.

Evergreen, Roses, Shrubbery and Ornamental Trees of all kinds, and Hot House Plants.

300,000 Osage Orange, Asparagus and Rhubarb.

Send stamp for descriptive catalogue. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

RANDOLPH PETERS,
Nov. 6—3m Wilmington, Del.

MIDDLETOWN ACADEMY.

A First Class Boarding and DAY SCHOOL,

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF

WARREN I. HICKS. A. B. } PRINCIPALS,
HUDSON A. WOOD, A. B. }

assisted by

Mrs. GENIE H. HICKS and Mrs. MARY WOOD.

FALL Term begins September 13th, and ends December 3d.

WINTER Term begins December 6th and ends March 18th. Vacation of one week at Christmas and at the close of the term.

SPRING Term begins March 28th and ends June 17th.

The following are the charges for the Fall and Spring Terms of 12 weeks; but as the Winter Term continues 14 weeks, one sixth more will be added, making it proportionately the same as the other two Terms.

Small Scholars in First Lessons	$ 5 00.
Primary Department	8 00.
Academical Department	11 00.
Classical Department	15 00.
Instrumental Music	12 00.
Vocal Music	2 00.
Use of Piano	2 00.
German and French (each extra)	2 00.
Tuition per annum, including board, wood, lights, and washing	220 00.
The same per Term	75 00.

Students charged from the time of entering.

For further particulars address the Principals for Circular, Middletown, Del. Oct. 3—tf

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TOBACCO & SEGARS!!

A PUFF BY TELEGRAPH.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL. Nov. 18, 1869.

The following dispatch has just been received from I. A. via Warwick. The author of it is unknown, but he is evidently some one who is "up to snuff," and that he is fond of "puffing" there can be no doubt:

As round the town you poke,
You wish to have a pleasant smoke;
Take my advice, (this is no joke,)
You'd better go to WINE'S

Or if you want to get a chew,
Of sweet Black Fat or Honey Dew,
You'll find it and good "Fine Cut" too,
By dropping in at WINE'S.

His policy is, "to try to please,"
His Segars always smoke with ease,
The Snuff is bound to make you sneeze
You get at WINE'S.

Take my advice without delay,
(His place you know in on Main street)
Invest your "stamps," it's sure to pay
Both you and WINE.

Let politicians plot and plan;
Rule the people must and can;
And you or any other man,
Had better go to WINE'S.

N. B.—Rail Road Tickets to and from New Castle, Wilmington, and Philadelphia for sale at reduced rates, at the Tobacco Store next door to the Middletown Hotel.

Nov. 20—y

J. HERMANN'S

Monumental Marble Works,

Corner Delaware and Union Streets,

NEW CASTLE, DEL.

Monuments, Marble and Enameled Slate Mantels,

Furnished at short notice, & on reasonable terms.

REFERENCES.

M. M. CLEAVER, PHILIP R. CLARK, ANDREW ELIASON.

Sept. 4—tf

MAGIC ELASTIC HAND STAMPS!

A NEW INVENTION

FOR Printing on Paper, Wood, Leather, Glass, Cloth, &c. Business Men! print your own Cards, Billheads, Wrapping Paper, &c. *Saving Printer's Bills.* Prices $3 to $8. Sheets with priced designs sent free. Agents Wanted. Liberal inducements—$10 per day easily made.—Canvassing outfit, $1.

SMITH, HALL & CO.,
dec 4 3mos 66 Courtlandt St. New York.

ANTICIPATING THE FALL TRADE.

THE undersigned has made the most elaborate preparations and already offers to those who may wish to be early in making their Fall and Winter purchases, a

FULL STOCK OF GOODS.

Suitable for Fall and Winter wear and usage.

My stock of DRY GOODS will consist in part of

BLACK and COLORED ALPACAS,

Wool Delaines, Wool Poplins,

Mohairs,

A good assortment of Prints, Cotton and Woo Flannels, 1, 1¼, 2¼ Brown and Bleached Muslins Heavy Domestics, Bal. Skirts, Shawls, &c. &c.

NOTIONS.

Hosiery, Gloves, Ladies Corsets, Ladies Vests, Ribbons, Edgings, Gents Undershirts, Ladies Collars and Cuffs, Combs, Hair Brushes, Velvets, and in fact everything you could well expect to find in a first Class Notion House may here be had.

I ask the particular attention of the gentlemen to my assortment of FRENCH and AMERICAN CLOTHS, and Fancy Cassimers. New Styles of which I am constantly receiving and disposing of at reasonable prices.

Also to the Community in general to my Stock of Mens HEAVY BOOTS, and of Mens, Womens and Misses HEAVY SHOES, which I have made to ORDER of the BEST material, and on any of which I am willing to guarantee satisfaction. I have also a good assortment of Mens sewed and pegged, single and double upper and sole Calf Boots, and Ladies Dress Shoes in Various Styles.

Hats and Caps.

Carpets, Druggets, Oil Cloths, Oil Cloth Window Shades, Door Mats, Hardware, Cedarware, Queensware, Earthenware, Stoneware, Groceries, &c. &c. &c.

Glass, Oil, Paints, Mackerel, Shad, and Herring always on hand.

☞ Will show goods with pleasure, and make a liberal discount for CASH.

G. W. W. NAUDAIN.
Oct. 16—tf No. 3. Middletown Hall.

PRICES REDUCED FOR 1870!!

Fall and Winter Goods.

CARPETS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
ALPACAS, DELAINES,
BLANKETS, SHAWLS, LADIES CLOTH
COATS, latest style, MEN AND BOYS'
CLOTHING, SHIRTS & DRAWERS,
HATS & CAPS, HOODS,
BUCK AND SHEEP
GAUNTLETTS AND GLOVES.

A LARGE STOCK OF CITY MADE

BOOTS and SHOES.

Also, agent for Roger's Celebrated Magnetic Oils and Pills, for the cure of Rheumatism and all pains.

SAML. R. STEPHENS & Co.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Nov. 6—1y

ODESSA NURSERIES.

THE Proprietors offer for Sale, for Fall planting of 1869 or Spring of 1870,

70,000 Peach Trees

of the leading

Market and Family Varieties.

200,000 SMALL FRUIT PLANTS

consisting of the following varieties:

STRAWBERRIES,
RASPBERRIES,
BLACKBERRIES,
GOOSEBERRIES,
CURRANTS, AND GRAPE VINES.
ASPARAGUS ROOTS.

300,000 OSAGE ORANGE QUICKS.

One and Two Years Old.

ALSO

EARLY ROSE, POTATOES,

And several other leading varieties, for seed.

Apply to POLK & HYATT,
Oct. 16, 1869. Or to WM. B. CROFT.
Odessa, Del.

NEW BAKERY,

IN MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

North East Corner of Lake and Broad Streets.

THE undersigned wishes to inform his friends and the public at large, that he has commenced the Baking Business in all its departments, and will keep constantly on hand,

Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Pies, Candy,

And will supply Weddings, and Parties, with all sorts of Cakes at short notice.

He has engaged a first class Baker to attend to the business.

He will also continue the Painting Business in all its Branches. FRANCIS TARONI.

March 6, 1869—tf

NOTICE!

W. J. LANK, Auctioneer, has removed to New Castle, Del. Those desiring his services as Auctioneer, will please address him at hat place, and their orders will meet with prompt attention.

April 3, 1869—tf

HIDES AND TALLOW WANTED!

Steer Hides 8 cents. Bull Hides 6 cents.
Calf Skin 14 cents. Sheep Pelts 75 cts.
Tallow 10 cents.

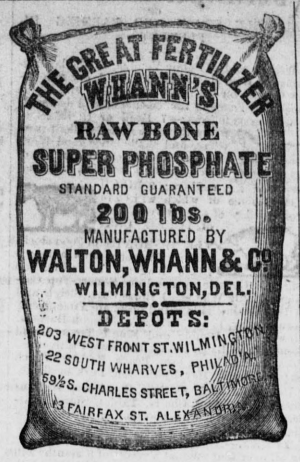
The above prices will be paid at

Nov. 20—tf INGRAM & GIBSON'S.
Middletown, Del.

BEST BEEF EVER KILLED IN MIDDLETOWN, AT

INGRAM & GIBSON'S

Nov. 20—tf



PROMPT,
ACTIVE,
RELIABLE,

A Great Crop Producer and Thorough Renovator of worn out lands.

For Sale by **E. T. EVANS,**
Middletown, Del.

Middletown, Del. Feb. 28, 1868.

MESSRS. WALTON, WHANN & Co.—*Gentlemen*: I used Whann's Raw Bone Super-Phosphate on my corn last spring, and on my wheat in the fall. In each case it produced an excellent crop. Wishing to determine which of the different phosphates would pay me best, I tried several, and am glad to say the yield was much the best where I used Whann's. I shall continue to use it, and cheerfully recommend it to my neighbors.

A. T. STOOPS.

Middletown, Del. March 17, 1868.

MESSRS. WALTON, WHANN & Co.—*Gentlemen*: I have been using Whann's Phosphate for some time past alongside of the popular fertilizers, and have come to the conclusion it is as good as any other. I am going to use ten tons this spring.

Yours truly, HENRY CLAYTON.

March 27—1y

READ, READ, READ.

THE undersigned, thankful for past favors, calls the attention of the Farmers to the following. Intending to devote his whole attention to the

GRAIN BUSINESS,

Will pay, on order of Messrs. William Lea & Sons, at Brandywine Mills, or Elihu Jefferson, New Castle, Del. the highest price for all Grain delivered on Del. R. R. or Del. waters, the parties themselves being responsible for the payment for all grain bought on their account.

Will fill all orders for RAMBO'S and WHITE'S LIME with promptness. Also, will pay particular attention to shipping grain for farmers on their own account, making prompt return of sales, and collecting the money for them.

Will fill all orders for the following Fertilizers:

Moro Philips' Super-Phosphate,
RHODES' SUPER-PHOSPHATE,
BAUGHS' RAW BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE,
ELLIS' SUPER-PHOSPHATE,
PACIFIC & PERUVIAN GUANOS.

Also will furnish Clover and Timothy Seed at the shortest notice.

Can give the best references as to ability.

A. T. BRADLEY,
July 3—1y Middletown, Del.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD!

LONDON

BLOOD PANACEA.

The Great Alterative and Blood Purifier.

For the cure of SCROFULA or KING'S EVIL, CUTANEOUS DISEASES, ERYSIPELAS, BOILS, PIMPLES, and BLOTCHES on the FACE, SORE EYES, YELLOW JAUNDICE, WHITE SWELLINGS, MERCURIAL DISEASES, GENERAL DEBILITY, PALPITATION and FLUTTERING at the HEART, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, SYPHILIS and SYPHILITIC AFFECTIONS, BLADDER and KIDNEY DISEASES, GRAVEL, DROPSY, DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, SICK HEADACHE, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, &c. To the broken down female it gives life and energy by restoring the lost powers of nature. Persons all weakness and lassitude, by using the PANACEA are soon restored to perfect health, bloom and vigor. Try it.

Price $1.00 Per Bottle.

S. A. FOUTZ,

Manufacturer and Proprietor, BALTIMORE, MD.

For sale by druggists and storekeepers throughout the United States.

For sale by **W. H. Harr,**
May 8—1y Middletown, Del.

H. McCOY. WM. A. RAISIN.

McCOY & RAISIN,

General Commission Merchants,

No. 73 SOUTH STREET,

OPPOSITE CORN EXCHANGE,

BALTIMORE.

WE refer to the following among our patrons in Kent county Maryland:

Judge Jos. A. Wickes, Hon. Samuel Comegys,
Hon. Wm. Welch, George D. S. Handy,
William B. Wilmer, George T. Hollyday,
Jervis Spencer, Dr. Samuel A. Beck.

June 19—y

AMERICAN & SWISS WATCHES.

M. E. DICKSON,

No. 35½ SOUTH EIGHTH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA,

ASKS attention to his fine selected stock of

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

Of the latest Styles and the best Factory make.

Silver Ware.

Sterling Silver Spoons, Forks, and Butter Knives, which will be sold at a very small advance.

☞ Particular attention paid to repairing Fine Watches and Jewelry.

March 6—tf

FOR SALE.

100,000 Healthy Peach Trees,

OF CHOICE VARIETIES.

☞ *Send For Price Lists, &c.*

E. R. COCHRAN,
Middletown, Del.

sept. 18—6m

BOOK, STATIONERY, AND VARIETY STORE.

SCHOOL BOOKS and Miscellaneous Works, Bibles, Prayer Books and Hymn Books, Blank Books, in various styles and binding; Tuck, Memorandum and Pass Books.

STATIONERY.

Writing, Letter, and Note Paper, Envelopes, in variety; Mourning Paper and Envelopes to match.

FANCY ARTICLES.

Photograph Albums, ork Boxes, Fancy Boxes, riting Desks, Ladies' Satchels, Pocket Books, Port Folios, Purses, Port Monaies, Segar Cases, Picture Frames, Tassel and Cords, Looking Glasses,

BACK GAMMON BOARDS, CHESS AND CHECKER MEN, GAMES of all KINDS.

Rubber Pencils and Penholders, Writing Fluid and Ink Stands, Pocket Cutlery, Roger's Scissors, &c. Sleeve Buttons, Studs, Breast Pins, Finger Rings, Spectacles, Violin Strings, Combs, Brushes, Nail and Tooth Brushes, Gum Bands, Watch Keys, Key Rings, and Puff Boxes.

A fine assortment of Colgate & Co's. Soap.

PHALON'S NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS, Wright's and Taylor's Superior Extracts, Pomades, Hair Oils,

And Dental Soap of the First Quality.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Neck Ties of various styles, Bismarck Collars, Gloves, Hose, Handkerchiefs, Cuffs, Wristlets.

Segars, Tobacco Pipes, Meerschaums, and Tobacco Pouches.

Lamps, Lamp Chimneys, Wicks and Coal Oil.

NEWSPAPERS AND MAGAZINES.

New York Ledger, Harper's Weekly, Bazaar and Magazine, Frank Leslie, Chimney Corner, Weekly, Girls and Boys Weekly, Gleason's Literary Companion, &c.

Godey's Peterson's, Atlantic, Arthur's, Galaxy and Mm'e Demorest's Magazines.

D. L. DUNNING,
No. 2 Town Hall.
Jan. 30—1y Middletown, Del.

WILMINGTON Commission House.

J. L. HOUSTON,

PROPRIETOR of the Wilmington Tea House, has also opened a COMMISSION HOUSE, adjoining, for the sale of

Cereals, Fruits. all kinds of Berries, Peaches, Apples, Pears,

NEW POTATOES, POULTRY, EGGS, GRAIN,

And all the productions of our Farmers, Gardeners, and Nurserymen, and flatters himself that he can furnish a market for these nearer home and more advantageous than can be had in more distant cities, saving double freightage and two or three commissions to producers, traders and consumers, and a Reliable House, Quick Sales, and Sure Returns.

His House is said to be most eligible, ample accommodations, airy, and finely adapted to the sale of Home Productions, and the preservation of perishable fruits.

As the Peach World will be pressing, and the sale immense, it may be well that those who wish the services of this House should make previous engagements, as engagements will be many; and it is desired, so that they may be prepared for the market; and they will not sell the inferior productions without the good and the best.

Address J. L. HOUSTON,
Commission House,
428 Market st. cor. of 5th, Wilmington, Del.
June 19—y

MIDDLETOWN STOVE HOUSE.

S. W. ROBERTS,

TAKES pleasure in announcing to his friends of Middletown and surrounding country, that the liberal patronge he has received has induced him to offer to the public the greatest variety, and best selected stock of Stoves, both Cooking and Heating, ever offered in Middletown, and at prices that cannot fail to please. Among the assortment are the following

COOK STOVES.

NIAGARA, PARLOR COOK, MONITOR
CORAL COOK, WM. PENN, LEHIGH,
and others made in the city.

PARLOR STOVES.

BRILLIANT, DEW DROP,
GAS BURNING BASE, UNION AIR TIGHT
PARLOR LIGHT, OUR PARLOR.
Also, SEXTON'S PARLOR HEATERS.

Stoves of all kinds suitable for Stores, Offices, Bar-rooms, and School Houses.

Also, the Morning Glory and the Oriental, both unsurpassed in beauty and efficiency. They can be seen in operation at the store of the proprietor.

All sizes of Bar-room Stoves and Ten-plate Stoves repaired at short notice.

Old Stoves taken in exchange.

☞ TIN WARE at wholesale and retail. ☜

As I have practical workmen employed, I think I can give satisfaction to all who favor me with their work. Particular attention paid to Roofing and Spouting.

S. W. ROBERTS.
Middletown, January 4, 1868—1y

THOMAS MASSEY, JR.

CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,

Main Street, nearly opposite Walker's Hotel, Middletown, Delaware

CLOCKS, Watches, Jewelry, &c. neatly and promptly repared.

Always on hand and for sale, Clocks, Watches, Plated Ware, Forks, Spoons, Silver Napkin Rings, Silver Thimbles, Salt, Sugar and Tea Spoons, Butter Knives, Gold Breast-Pins, Ear-Rings, Finger-Rings, Sleeve Buttons, Watch Chains, Watch Keys, Key Rings, Steel Watch Chains, &c.

Dec. 12—tf.

CIRCULATION 86,000 COPIES.

THE greatest success is attending the publication of

BALLOU'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE

of any periodical in the world. Each number contains One Hundred Pages of the choicest Stories, Poems and Engravings, or Twelve Hundred Pages every year for $1.50—being fully three-fourths as large as either of the four dollar magazines, at about one-third their price.

☞ Now is the time to subscribe.

TERMS, $1.50 a year; 7 copies $9; 12 copies $15. Send stamp for specimen copy and prospectus to ELLIOTT, THOMES & TALBOT,

dec 4 3m Publishers, Boston, Mass.

WEDDING RINGS.

No. 35½ SOUTH EIGHTH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA.

March 6—tf

HENRY HARPER,

520 Arch Street, Philadelphia,

Has a good, stock at low prices, of fine

WATCHES, JEWELRY, SOLID SILVERWARE

AND

Rogers' Triple Plated Spoons, Castors, Tea Sets, &c, suitable for holiday or bridal presents

Nov. 13—3m

THE DELAWARE Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Guarantee Capital $100,000.00.

HOME OFFICE--EXCHANGE BUILDING

Cor. 7th & Market Sts.

Wilmington, Delaware.

THE Pioneer Mutual Company in adopting Rates of Premiums based on American experience of mortality and interest.

Premiums lower than any other Mutual Company.

Purely mutual. All the profits divided among the Policy-Holders. There are no stockholders in this company.

All Policies non-forfeiting. Not after two years, but after the first annual payment.

All kinds of policies issued. Ordinary Life. Ten Year Plan. Single Payment and Instalment. All kinds of Endowment Tables. Return Premium Table. Joint Life Table. Children's Endowment Table.

Premiums payable in one payment, in Five, Ten, Fifteen or Twenty Instalments, or during Life. Payments received annually, semi-annually, or quarterly. All payments required in *Cash.*

Dividends on the "*Contribution Plan.*" It will be observed that the reduction of rates is equivalent to a *Dividend in Advance of at least thirty-three and one-third per cent.*

The Loan feature is entirely original with this company—for full explanation send for the company's publications.

TABLE OF RATES

And any information required promptly furnished on application to the Home Office, or to any of the Company's Agents.

JOHN P. McLEAR, President,
GEO. W. STONE, Vice President,
M. M. CHILD, Secretary,
BENJ. NIELDS, Counsel & Actuary,
D. W. MAULL, Chief Medical Examiner.
ROBT. C. FRAIM, at Home Office, General Agent for Delaware.

TRUSTEES.

John P. McLear,	Samuel Brancroft Jr.
William Bush,	George W. Bush,
John V. Rice,	Wm. G. Gibbons,
Job H. Jackson,	Henry F. Pickels,
Clement B. Smyth,	Thomas D. Webb,
William Canby,	William H. Swift,
William S. Hilles,	Edw. Bringhurst, Jr.
James Morrow,	J. H. Adams,
Lewis P. Bush, M. D.	H. B. Seidel,
	James Bradford.

DIRECTORS.

John P. McLear,	Samuel Brancroft, jr.
William Bush,	Ed. Bringhurst, jr.
Thos. W. Webb,	Wm. G. Gibbons,
William Canby	George W. Stone,
Geo. W. Bush,	Jno. V. Rice,
William S. Hilles,	W. H. Swift.

A. G. COX, Agent,
July 31—1y Middletown, Delaware.

1869 Fall and Winter Dress Goods. 1869

EDWIN HALL & CO.

28 South Second Street,

Invites the attention of purchasers on visiting Philadelphia to their large and elegant stock of

DRY GOODS,

Consisting in part of

BLACK and COLORED SILKS.
FRENCH and IRISH POPLINS.
PLAIN and CORDED POPLINS.
Medium and low priced DRESS GOODS.
DRESS GOODS of the latest styles constantly receiving
BLACK DRESS GOODS IN GREAT VARIETY.
LONG and SQUARE BROCHE SHAWLS.
LONG and SQUARE BLANKET SHAWLS.
ARABS, CHINCHILLA JACKETS,
SILK CLOAK VELVETS.
SILK FINISH VELVETEENS.
SILK PLUSHES, all colors.
CLOTHS and CASSIMERES.
TABLE LINENS and NAPKINS.
SHEETINGS and SHIRTINGS.
BLANKETS and COUNTERPANES.
PIANO and TABLE COVERS.
WHITE GOODS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES, GLOVES, HOISERY, &c.

N. B.—We deal in good Goods and endeavor to sell at such prices that will give satisfaction.

☞ The Chestnut and Market St. cars will convey you to within a few doors of the store.

EDWIN HALL & CO.

28 South Second St. Philadelphia.

Oct. 9, 1869.—3mos.

DRAIN TILE.

WITH Improved Machinery and New Dies, we are now prepared to furnish at the shortest notice.

DRAIN TILE,

(Round with Collars and Egg-shaped with sole)

from Two to Seven Inches Calibre, superior to any in the market. Also

BRANCH JOINTS Y SHAPED & SILT BASINS,

As recommended by "Waring" in his Work on Underdraining. We also manufacture

Bricks and Earthenware,

☞ Liberal discount made to Dealers.

Please address for price, &c.

ALVAN ALLEN. } ALLEN & BELL,
W. M. BELL. } Smyrna, Delaware.

May 15—1y.

BRAND-NEW Cigar and Tobacco Store!!

IN MIDDLETOWN.

THE undersigned takes this method to inform his friends of Middletown and vicinity, that he has opened a

CIGAR AND TOBACCO STORE,

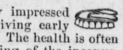
On Main Street, one door east of the National Hotel, Middletown, Delaware, where Smokers and Chewers can always be accommodated with Cigars and Tobacco, of a superior quality, and at very low prices.

☞ Call in and try our selections.

Having procured a first-class segar maker he has begun the manufacturing of segars, and is prepared to supply the trade at city prices.

JOHN T. HAYES,
Dec. 11—y Middletown, Del.

ATTEND TO YOUR TEETH.



FEW persons are properly impressed with the importance of giving early attention to decaying teeth. The health is often affected by them, to say nothing of the inconvenience and suffering, which they produce. It is important to have all caries promptly arrested. If treated in time most teeth may be preserved.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain,

by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, a harmless and pleasant anesthetic.

May 9-tf J. J. VANDERFORD, D. D. S.
Middletown, Del.

PEACH TREES,

VERY LARGE AND THRIFTY,

OF LEADING VARIETIES, AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

☞ ORDERS SOLICITED. ☜

BIDDLE & HAYS,
July 31—6m. Cecilton, Md.

MIDDLETOWN HOTEL.

J. H. WALKER,

Proprietor.

HAVING succeeded Mr. L. R. Davis, in the proprietorship of this well known, long established, and popular establishment, the present proprietor will spare no pains to insure the comfort of his guests, and make his house, as heretofore, the favorite resort of the traveling public. A well filled larder, a well furnished table; comfortable and airy apartments; the choicest brands of Liquors, Cigars, and Tobacco; with a determination to render the fullest satisfaction, combined with attentive waiters, reliable hostlers, and moderate charges, will, be feels assured, secure to him a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon the establishment.

Accommodation for Drovers and Dealers in Horses and Mules can always be secured. A liberal share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited. JOSEPH H. WALKER,

Oct. 17—1y Successor to L. R. Davis.

BANKING HOUSE OF John McLear & Son,

607 Market St. Wilmington, Del.

ESTABLISHED, 1848.

WE are offering for sale the Six per. Cent Bonds of the City of Wilmington, at par, in sums of $50, $100, $500, and $1000. Interest payable April and October. Registered Certificates.

The City Loans of Wilmington have always been highly esteemed as an investment, and the rapid growth and general prosperity of the city make them more than ever desirable.

We continue to transact a general banking and brokerage business, and are continually enlarging our facilities.

Money received on deposit and returned on demand with interest. Parties keeping accounts with us may draw checks on us payable at sight, precisely as in the case of banks.

Drafts on England, Ireland, Germany and other countries drawn.

Parties desiring to invest money in bond and mortgage, are invited to examine our list of securities of this class.

Passage tickets from Europe, by all good lines sold.

Government Securities taken in exchange for any other scurities at the highest market rates.

JOHN McLEAR & SON.

June 5th, 1869—tf.

DR. J. J. VANDERFORD,

Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of

DENTAL SURGERY,

HAVING located in Middletown, Del. respectfully announces to the public that he is prepared to perform all operations pertaining to the practice of

DENTISTRY.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH Mounted on Dental Vulcanite, a material superior to metals in its adaptability and durability.

Persons having badly adjusted gold plates can have them exchanged for the Vulcanite.

Great care will be given to Children's Teeth; irregularities corrected, and deciduous teeth preserved until the permanent ones make their appearance.

☞ A superior Dentifrice constantly on hand

Office on the corner of Scott and Main streets, formerly occupied by D. L. Dunning.

April 10, 1869—1y

WINE AND LIQUOR STORE, Middletown, Delaware.

THE undersigned takes this method of notifying the Public that he has opened a

WINE AND LIQUOR STORE

In Middletown, Del. on Wood street, opposite the Depot, where he has on hand a large and varied assortment of Wines and Liquors, in bottles and casks, which he offers on advantageous terms to purchasers at wholesale or retail.

☞ Also, a fine stock of choice TOBACCO AND CIGARS. THOMAS MURRAY.

LIVERY STABLE.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES for hire at the Stables of Thomas Murray, on Scott street. The horses are safe, and careful drivers will be provided when desired. Terms moderate. Apply to THOS. MURRAY.

Jan. 2.—y. At his Store on Wood St.

$10. WATCHES. $10.

THE GREAT TRADE IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION, (Incorporated by the State) sell Fine Gold and solid Silver Watches at $10 each.

10,000 Engravings, fully illustrating and describing all our watches, are placed in sealed envelopes, which are thoroughly mixed, and when ordered are mailed, post paid, at the following prices:—Single Engraving, 50 cents. Twelve and rich premium, $5. Twenty-five and elegant silver hunting watch as premium, $10. Every engraving entitles the holder thereof to a Watch worth from $25 to $750, irrespective of value, for $10. Nothing can be lost by this investment, as no article in our stock is worth less than the money asked, while the buyer may obtain a watch worth $750. Circulars free. Just try it once be fore hastily condemning us. Address

MICHELIN & CO. Managers,
205 Broadway, Cor. Fulton St. New York.
Oct. 16—3m

Middletown Furniture Warerooms.

JOSEPH H. ENOS

KEEPS constantly on hand an assortment of FURNITURE suitable to the market, consisting of

COTTAGE SUITS,

BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, WASHSTANDS,

Parlor and Dining Room Furniture, &c.

ALSO

FURNISHING UNDERTAKER.

COFFINS of all kinds and styles; Metallic Caskets; Patent burial Cases to order. Jan. 4—tf

---

MANSION HOUSE HOTEL,

North West Corner Fayette & St. Paul Sts.

OPPOSITE BARNUM'S CITY HOTEL,

BALTIMORE.

Isaac Alberston ..... Proprietor.

☞ This is one of the most pleasant and central locations in the city.

January 4, 1868—1y

☞ WHOOPING COUGH ☜

CURED BY

DELAVEAU'S CELEBRATED REMEDY.

☞ Price Fifty Cents.

Prepared at Sixth and Wood Sts. Philadelphia.

Ask your Druggist for it.

Mar. 6—1y

MIDDLETOWN IRON FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

PLOWS and Plow Castings, Machine Castings of all kinds on hand or made to order. Particular attention given to Repairing Machinery. Cash for old Iron.

WM. L. BUCKE & SON,
April 4-tf Founders and Machinists.

JOHN A. REYNOLDS,

NOTARY PUBLIC

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

May 1, 1869.